NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS

VOL. CXXXVII. No. 22471. Registered at the C.P.O. SHANGHAI, MONDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1937 (Postage: China and Japan 1 cents; abroad 10 cents.) TEN CENTS

東京帝國大學法學部藏書

R. CONSOLATO GENERALE
D'ITALIA IN SHANGHAI

Lunedi, 6 corrente, alle ore 18,30, il Dott. Pietro Muto Nardone parlerà alla "Casa d'Italia" sulle misure igieniche da osservarsi nel momento attuale.

Tutti gli Italiani sono invitati.

Shanghai, 3 settembre 1937 (XV).

9559

MILLINGTON, LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong)
AND
THE WILLOW PATTERN PRESS

As from Monday, September 6th, our offices will be located at 117 Hongkong Road, 2nd floor, Telephone 11655.

B. ROZENBAUM,
General Manager.

9572

NOTICE

As from date I shall conduct my business as a stock and share broker under the name of E. G. CLARKE & CO

ERIC G. CLARKE.

September 1, 1937. -1643

AMERICAN PIONEER LINE

MS JEFF DAVIS
from New York via ports

Referring to our previous notice, consignees are hereby notified that all Shanghai cargo will be discharged into Manila Bonded Warehouse No. 69 (instead of 67 as previously advised) at consignees sole risk and expense, whereby all the obligations of the vessel, her Owners, Master and Agents will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms of the Company's Bill of Lading.

Consignees should therefore apply for delivery of their cargo to The States Steamship Company, Manila, P. I.

China Foreign Steamship Corporation
Agents, m/s Jeff Davis.

9581

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA

CARGO STOWED AT THE N.Y.K. POOTUNG WHARF

The consignees and cargo owners concerned are hereby notified that as a result of hostilities, "A" shed and No. 2 godown (where part of bonded godown was located) at N.Y.K. Pootung Wharf, as far as could be seen from the Shanghai side, were afire, the former apparently having been totally destroyed between the 19th and 21st August, and it is expected that the cargoes therein, eminently sustained serious damage and loss. The other sheds and godowns at the wharf are presumed to have been affected more or less by shells, bombs or fires although not discernible from this side of the river.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
SHANGHAI BRANCH

Shanghai, September 5, 1937. 9582

THE EAST ASIATIC
COMPANY, LTD.
OF COPENHAGEN

ms. "INDIA"

Consignees of cargo are hereby notified that a case of General Average has been declared in consequence of typhoon damage sustained to the vessel while at Hongkong. Consignees of cargo—not already landed at Hongkong—will be required to sign a General Average Bond before delivery of their cargo. No Average Deposit is required. For further particulars consignees are requested to apply to the Company's office, Messrs. Agency of The East Asiatic Co., Ltd., Queen's Building, Hongkong.

Agency of
THE EAST ASIATIC CO., LTD.

Shanghai, September 3, 1937.

9549

Accounts and Rents Collecting
Loans and Mortgages
Transporting Payrolls
Insurance
Commercial Inquiries
Confidential Services

CLARKES
Inquiry and Protection Agency
68 Nanking Road Telephone 10092

9577

THE SHANGHAI
SANITARIUM AND CLINIC

will continue its services to the public at its new temporary quarters at 51 Rue Molière. Dispensary hours as usual, 9-12 a.m. and 2-4 p.m. Telephone 72528. -1618

Better than Letters

Fuller, better rounded, with a far better summing up of the situation than any personal message could hope to give, the "North-China Daily News" gives the account of the present situation here that evacuées, old China hands and family and friends want. Send in your orders, and they will be mailed for you.

THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
17 The Bund Telephone 11055

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Any size—Any quantity
at Competitive Prices
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113 Kiukiang Road
Telephone 14517

-1640

"Before re-occupying your Office and/or Home Telephone 12156
for
Cleaning & Disinfecting.
FESCO
Far Eastern Sanitary Co.
Cleaning & Disinfecting Specialists
341 Szechuen Road, Room 24.

9580

AIR MAIL
SHANGHAI/HANOI/EUROPE

Send your letters every week

Mail will be forwarded by the first available steamer to Hongkong for transmission via Canton to Hanoi-Marseilles.

Mention: "Via HANOI"

9700

RELIANCE MOTORS

We will accept your used car now at a credit for delivery to you of a new car in London or New York, or against a new car on your return to Shanghai. Call L. D. CARSON, Reliance Motors, 755 Avenue Foch; telephone 70024. 9384

NOTICE

My office hours will be as from to-day from 4-5 p.m. only or by appointment.

Dr. H. E. SUESSBACH, M.D.
Surgery and Women's Diseases
803 Bubbling Well Road, Yates Apts.
Telephone 33111

-1530

STEEL WINDOWS

We wish to announce that our factory is working as usual.

DUNCAN & COMPANY
Hamilton House Telephone 13544

9494

A Household Name:
MARCHANTS
The whisky your friends will always be pleased to drink.

Agents
JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., LTD.

9428

NOTICE TO ADVERTISERS

During the present emergency, advertisers are requested to send in their copy as early as possible in order to facilitate insertion.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS AND HERALD, LTD.

MILK
is the
Perfect Food

LUCERNE DAIRY FARM
Situated within the Safety Zone
Carries on
BUSINESS AS USUAL
At usual prices
Pasteurized
GRADE "A" MILK
Quarts, $0.58; pints, $0.32; ½ pints $0.17
Whipping Cream, Table Cream, Sour Cream, Cheese, Sour Milk

9426

Soccer in No-Man's-Land
Sino-Japanese Battle in Whangpoo
In West Hongkew
Ewo Ships Back on Duty
Queen Wilhelmina's Birthday
Yangtszepoo Evacuations
Thunder Over Shanghai
Valentine Holdosi and Pets

Photographs of the above and others which have appeared in the "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" are now on view at Watson's, 71 Nanking Road, where prints may be obtained within a few hours.

Obtainable from Watson's

DENYING A CHARGE OF DRUNKENNESS

a defendant protested that he had merely been upset by finding himself overdrawn at his bank. It was only his money, it seems, that was tight. Protection against the depletion of one's bank account by Fire or Burglary may be effected by taking out adequate insurance policies.

C. E. SPARKE
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Agents:
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316 Kiangse Road Telephone 10828

Indifferent gin will ruin the best cocktail recipe.
LONDON OLD TOM and DRY GIN
have stood the test of time

Price per bottle $2.75

At all Compradores and
Lane, Crawford & Co. (Prov.), Ltd.
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We are completely equipped to undertake all service
For Particulars Apply:
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9576

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the growing child **must** have that most important of all foods—MILK.

THE MODEL DAIRY FARM
8 Tifeng Road Telephone 21997
Licensed to sell Grade "A" Dairy Products.

9482

EWO BEER
Obtainable Everywhere

9508

The News You Want to Send Home

Complete and authentic in its statement of facts, not rumours; trenchant and witty in its cartoons, "In Parenthesis" and other features, and well illustrated by photographs—the "North China Daily News" stands as the well-considered report you desire to send out to family and friends abroad. It is not alarmist, nor does it blink the facts. Order your copies now.

THE NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
17 The Bund Telephone 11055

C. N. GRAY & CO., LTD.
161 Nanking Road

SUMMER SUITS
PALM BEACH
TROPICALS
LINENS
SUMMER SHIRTS
"AERTEX" and "CELLULAR"
TAILORS OF DISTINCTION

9491

THE AYER TAWAH RUBBER PLANTATION CO., LTD.
(Incorporated in Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have declared a Third Interim Dividend for the year ending September 30, 1937, of Ten Cents per Share (Local Currency) on the issued capital of the Company, payable on September 14, 1937, to Shareholders on the Register at that date.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from September 8 to September 14, 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
THE GEDDES TRADING & DAIRY FARM CO., LTD.
Secretary.

Dated, September 2, 1937. 9457

THE DOMINION RUBBER COMPANY, LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances, Hongkong).

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have this day declared a second Interim Dividend for the year ending December 31, 1937, at the rate of Fifteen Dollar Cents Local Currency per share to be paid to Shareholders on record on Wednesday, September 15, 1937.

Shareholders are requested to notify the General Managers promptly of any change of address that may have taken place since the last dividend.

Dividend Warrants for Chinese Shareholders will be retained in our Office and may be had on application at any time during ordinary office hours.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from September 8 to 15, 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, August 31, 1937. 9454

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FINEST LONDON
DRY GIN
"TOWER BRIDGE BRAND"

A Gin of Excellent Quality at a Moderate Price

Obtainable at all Compradore Stores

CALDBECK MACGREGOR & CO., LTD.
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(Incorporated in Hongkong)

9429

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FROM TUBERCULINE-TESTED COWS
SAFE and WHOLESOME
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Tel. 20401
The Shanghai Milk Supply Co., Ltd.
145 Tunsin Road x1396

THE BUTE PLANTATIONS (1913) LIMITED.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have this day declared a second Interim Dividend for the year ending December 31st, 1937, at the rate of Ten Dollar Cents Local Currency per share to be paid to Shareholders on record on Wednesday, September 15th, 1937.

Shareholders are requested to notify the General Managers promptly of any change of address that may have taken place since the last dividend.

Dividend Warrants for Chinese Shareholders will be retained in our Office and may be had on application at any time during ordinary office hours.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from September 8th to 15th 1937 both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.
General Managers.

Shanghai, August 31, 1937. 9452

THE CONSOLIDATED RUBBER ESTATES (1914), LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have this day declared a second Interim Dividend for the year ending December 31, 1937, at the rate of Ten Dollar Cents Local Currency per share to be paid to Shareholders on record on Wednesday, September 15, 1937.

Shareholders are requested to notify the General Managers promptly of any change of address that may have taken place since the last dividend.

Dividend Warrants for Chinese Shareholders will be retained in our Office and may be had on application at any time during ordinary office hours.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from September 8 to 15, 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, August 31, 1937. 9453

HAMILTON HOUSE
(Opposite Metropole Hotel)
In the heart of the Business and Shopping centres
FURNISHED
Single and Double Bedrooms each with Private Bath
Monthly Rates with or without Breakfast

For information and terms please apply to:
RECEPTION OFFICE
6th Floor
(CATHAY HOTELS LIMITED)

9428

THE TANAH MERAH ESTATES (1916), LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have this day declared an Interim Dividend for the year ending March 31, 1938, at the rate of Four Dollar Cents Local Currency per share to be paid to Shareholders on record on Friday, September 17, 1937.

Shareholders are requested to notify the General Managers promptly of any change of address that may have taken place since the last dividend.

Dividend Warrants for Chinese Shareholders will be retained in our Office and may be had on application at any time during ordinary office hours.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from September 10 to 17, 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.
General Managers.

Shanghai, August 31, 1937. 9455

THE SHANGHAI KEDAH PLANTATIONS, LTD.
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Directors have this day declared a third Interim Dividend for the year ending September 30, 1937, at the rate of Fifteen Dollar Cents Local Currency per share to be paid to Shareholders on record on Friday, September 17, 1937.

Shareholders are requested to notify the General Managers promptly of any change of address that may have taken place since the last dividend.

Dividend Warrants for Chinese Shareholders will be retained in our Office and may be had on application at any time during ordinary office hours.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from September 10 to 17, 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
A. R. BURKILL & SONS, LTD.
Secretaries.

Shanghai, August 31, 1937. 9456

After a Cycle of Cathay

Whether going on home leave or retiring, your personal and, probably, your business interests in China and especially in Shanghai, will continue.

Letters will be uncertain; news in home papers will be scanty. The cheapest and most effective link will be the weekly copy of the *North-China Herald* containing all the China news of the *North-China Daily News* and costing, including postage, $2.50 a month.

Send your name and address to the Circulation Department, North-China Herald, 17 The Bund, or Tel. 11055

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INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.

Can you afford an uninsured loss by
FIRE?

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CHARTERED BANK BUILDING
Tel. 18653 (2 lines). 18 The Bund

OFFICES and Flats to let in the Bund and Hongkew Properties of the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation. For particulars kindly apply to Engineer's Office, Room 110, Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, 12 The Bund. 9578

LIFT wanted, three times daily, Avenue Foch, corner Hart Road, to S.M.C. Building. Address Box 793, N.C. D.N. -1637

Classified Advertisements continued On Page 8

LOST TITLE DEED
KULING LOT No. 1141

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Deed issued by the Kuling Council for Lot No. 1141 in favour of H. Yamasaki has been reported lost, and that unless same is produced within three months from date, it will be declared null and void, and a new Deed will be issued in its place.

BUREAU OF ADMINISTRATION FOR LUSHAN

Kuling, August 7, 1937. 9547

ANGLO-JAVA ESTATES, LIMITED
(Incorporated under the Companies' Ordinances of Hongkong)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Board of Directors have this day declared an Interim Dividend on account of the year ending 31st December 1937 of 50 Chinese Dollar cents per share payable on the 10th September 1937 to Shareholders on record on that date.

The Transfer Books and Share Register of the Company will be closed from the 3rd September to the 10th September 1937, both days inclusive.

Shareholders are requested to notify the General Managers promptly of any change of address that may have taken place since the last dividend.

Dividend Warrants for Chinese Shareholders will be retained in our Office and may be had on application at any time during ordinary office hours.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
J. A. WATTIE & CO., LTD.,
93 Canton Road,
Secretaries and General Managers.

Shanghai, Aug. 27. 9324

THE SHANGHAI WATERWORKS COMPANY, LIMITED
(Incorporated in England)

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the half-yearly dividend of 3½ per cent on the 7 per cent issue of 100,000 Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares and 3¼ per cent on the 6½ per cent issue of 100,000 Cumulative Redeemable Preference Shares, together with an interim dividend on Intra Agreement Consumers' Account of 3¾ per cent or 15/- per "A" share and 9d per "B" and "C" share, respectively, has been declared in respect of the year 1937 and will be payable on Thursday, September 30, 1937. In the case of "A", "B" and "C" shares covered by Shanghai Certificates, such dividend will be paid at the office of the Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, Shanghai, in Chinese Standard Dollars at its buying rate for demand drafts on London on the day of presentation of the warrant.

The Transfer Books of the Company will be closed from September 17, 1937, to September 30, 1937, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Directors,
R. LOCK,
Secretary.

Shanghai, September 3, 1937. 9546

What the Press Says
of
The Shanghai Directory
(July Edition of the China Hong List)

"The volume is well worth the money asked for it, and it is as handy, neat and accurate a work as it has been our lot to see."—*Shanghai Times.*

"The task of apartment hunting will be reduced to a minimum by perusing the long list of apartment houses contained in the July edition of the Hong List."—*China Press.*

"It has been revised with the care which has become almost a tradition, and is as complete a register of residents, agents hongs, as mortal man could devise. Its chief claim to popularity is not its compactness, nor its comprehensiveness, but *its reliability.* The volume has been brought up to date, and no business house in the city can afford to be without a copy of 'The Shanghai Directory' at hand. The little Red Riding Hood of the Bund publications merits praise, and deservedly gets it."—*The Shipping Review and Shipping and Engineering.*

If you have not yet ordered your copy do so at once.

Price $6; with Map $7

THE PUBLISHERS,
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD LTD.
17 The Bund

A TIMELY WARNING!
Protect Yourself from Mosquitoes and Other Harmful Insects by using one of our
MOSQUITO NETS
Made from imported Nottingham netting and good quality longcloth top and surround
WHITEAWAY, LAIDLAW & CO., LTD.

NEW YORK FREIGHT BUREAU
AND
TRANS-PACIFIC FREIGHT BUREAU

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS

Special Conditions Applicable to Cargo for Atlantic Coast and Gulf Ports and Pacific Coast Ports
SHIPPED VIA
HONGKONG

SHIPPERS are hereby notified that, effective forthwith and until further notice, cargo will be accepted as opportunity may occur, subject to the following special conditions:—

(1) Through Rates of Freight will be charged in accordance with current Hongkong/Atlantic Coast and Hongkong/Pacific Coast Freight Tariffs.
Particulars may be obtained on application to individual Member Lines, who will also furnish information regarding sailing dates of their vessels from Hongkong.
(2) Through Bills of Lading will be issued in exchange for freight-paid local Bills of Lading, Shanghai to Hongkong.
(3) An additional charge of U.S.$1.00 per ton of 40 cub. feet or 2,000 lbs. will be made to cover cost of transhipment charges at Hongkong.

Shanghai, September 4, 1937. 9537

CHINA NAVIGATION CO., LTD.
SAILINGS
TO NORTHERN PORTS
SS. SHUNTIEN, Wednesday, September 8
SS. SHENGKING, Saturday, September 11
to Tsingtao, Weihaiwei, Chefoo and Tientsin
Sailings from French Bund

For freight and Passages apply to
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE

9573

SHANGHAI STEVEDORING CO., Inc.
Forwarding Agents
Custom Brokers
Transportation
Lighterage
Insurance and Packing Experts
Lane 125, Hs. 20, Szechuen Road Tels. 17049, 17050

9503

MERCANTILE BANK OF INDIA, LTD.
(Incorporated in England)

Head Office: London	Shanghai Office: 4 The Bund
SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL	£1,800,000
PAID-UP CAPITAL	1,050,000
RESERVE FUND	1,075,000

Branches throughout India, Ceylon, Malaya, Hongkong and Mauritius. Agencies in all principal countries of the world.

Interest allowed in Local Currency Current Account @ 2% p.a.

Current and Fixed Deposit Accounts opened in sterling as well as in local currency. Banking and exchange business of every description transacted. Trusteeships and executorships undertaken.

During the emergency Canton Road Entrance is being used.

Just Published
THE CHINA
Architects and Builders Compendium
1937

Cloth bound, quarto, 199 pages, illustrated

This indispensable reference volume for the architect or builder contains valuable general information regarding land, property and building as well as technical details as to costs and price lists. A directory of architects and firms with architectural departments and a catalogue of building materials obtainable in Shanghai or represented by Shanghai firms and agencies are also included.

$5 net

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS OFFICE, SHANGHAI
And All Booksellers

EWO GIN
Distilled in England
OBTAINABLE
AT ALL COMPRADORE STORES

9427

The Wonderful Gorges

The intending traveller up the Yangtze Gorges will find "Excelsior" by **Charon**, an interesting guide and companion. For anyone who has already done the journey it will be a charming souvenir of a memorable trip. Pocket size, 51 pages, $1.50.

NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS
And at all booksellers

Directory of Protestant Missions in China
1937 EDITION

1—Index of Societies
2—Provinces with Cities and Towns in which the various Missions are situated, and List of Missionaries in each.
3—Alphabetical List of Protestant Missionaries in China.

Price $1.50; postage in China 15 cents.

Publishers:
NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS & HERALD, SHANGHAI

In Parenthesis

Whose Fault Now ?

The undertaking that the bombing planes of a certain nation would not fly over the foreign areas is being scrupulously observed. If, however, those areas should be foolish enough as to get under the planes in question no responsibility for what may happen can be accepted.

* * *

Tenderer

This war is affecting some people in peculiar ways. One man is now so averse from cruelty that he insists that his boy shall anaesthetize his eggs before putting them in boiling water.

* * *

And Talking of Eggs

We don't know whether it was amongst those recently rescued or not, but one we had the other morning had ceased to take any interest whatever in the war. Its mind was set on higher things.

* * *

Technical Note

Some of the artillery practice we have seen during the past week was in its way unique. Shells fell as far from their targets as the length of the range over which they were fired. This, of course, may be due to a hundred-and-one reasons, any one of which may be perfectly good. The first, however, is the best.

* * *

Auntie Says

Well, boys and girls, we are now entering upon the fourth week of the war. It hardly seems to be three weeks since certain people started playing the giddy goat round the perimeter, but there it is.

We were talking over the situation yesterday, being Sunday, with our stenographer, Miss Ipplethwick, whom you already know.

"My," she said, licking the point of her pencil, as all good stenographers do. "My, but I don't know what will happen when peace comes again. I haven't had a date since the war broke out. My boy's in the Volunteers, saving his money, or at least I hope so, and I don't know one end of a rhumba from other."

"Yes, but what do you think of the political situation?" we asked.

"Well," she replied, "I don't sort of rightly know, if you get what I mean. But I've been talking it over with auntie and she says it's no good trying to give a man a swift kick in the pants, if he can manage to give you a severe wallop in the wallet, so to speak.

* * *

The Wonder-workers

A local contemporary who early in hostilities discovered that

"War is no respecter of individuals,"

went on record yesterday as also having found out that

"War is no respecter of persons."

Two such discoveries in three weeks is pretty good going, and there need be no fear for British journalism if similar revelations continue to be made at this rate.

* * *

The Blow Falls

On Saturday night at dinner a fellow had to pull the remark about Nero, of which we so strongly disapprove. The body has been embalmed, funeral arrangements to be announced later.

* * *

Agony !

MR. WOODHEAD
ON BEER
Journalist Thinks That
Sad Plight Should
be Remedied

Of course it should. First time we see him we'll stand him a whisky and soda.

* * *

A Sad Thought

It's astonishing how evil companionship corrupts things. Just fancy only yesterday we were reading about shot and shell falling, and now we have it on perfectly good authority that night fell yesterday.

* * *

The Stylist

"The craft burst into flames and plunged like a spear to terra firma ....."

There is not the slightest doubt about the fact that this war is bringing all that is best out of our local descriptive writers.

* * *

Military Note

Judging from the results obtained some of the artillerymen operating round Shanghai would make good market gardeners.

* * *

Firm Offer

Having heard many reasons why the big aerial bomb which hit the U.S. Marines' store the other day did not explode and not believing any of them, In Parenthesis is prepared to award to the person who sends in the true explanation—er, shall we say one square yard of hand crochetted spaghetti?

* * *

Customs' Little Joke

CUSTOMS NOTIFICATION
No. 1605

The public is hereby notified that, in accordance with Government instructions, the export abroad and to Manchuria and Dairen of the following articles is temporarily prohibited.

Beans and Peas of all kinds,
Buckwheat,
Kaoliang (Sorghum),
Maize, ffi
Millet, and
Cereals, n.o.p.f.

Now anyone who can export beans and peas of all kinds, buckwheat, kaoliang (sorghum), maize, ffi, millet and cereals, n.o.p.f. from Shanghai to Manchuria and Dairen just now, could produce rabbits from a hat without even having a hat.

* * *

A Protest

We do wish people would refrain from writing in complaining about the postal service. The fact that everyone is not getting all the mail he would like means nothing at all to our fair young life. All we've had have been love letters stating that unless we paid up in three days .....Well you know the story. It may rightly be said of the Chinese Post Office that, with true oriental courtesy, it is tempering the wind to the shorn sheep.

* * *

Interlude

This war's becoming a riot. Amongst other refugees which have been admitted to the office since the outbreak, the latest to arrive has been someone's radio set. Unfortunately it works. We caught one of the sub-editors doing some fancy dancing with Miss Ipplethwick on Saturday, while a shroff who dropped in was entertained to "Kiss me again."

IT HUNG ON A SINGLE HAIR AND POOR DAMOCLES IS ALWAYS REMEMBERED BY HISTORY
- IF THOSE THINGS OVERHEAD HANG ON ONLY GOODNESS KNOWS WHAT - DO WE ALSO COME INTO HISTORY?
BUSINESS AS USUAL
BY SAPAJOU.

THE SWORD OF DAMOCLES

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR

EVACUATION PROBLEM

Tonnage Wanted

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—My committee's appeal for funds has received such very generous notice and support from you that I am emboldened to ask you for yet further assistance.

The work of evacuating refugees is proceeding as fast as tonnage available permits but the committee is unable to obtain sufficient shipping tonnage for its needs.

May I ask you to appeal to all who have tonnage suitable for the carriage of Chinese refugees to South China ports, Amoy, Swatow and Canton, to inform the writer (Tel. 12854) the terms upon which they are prepared to carry refugees to the ports named.

Tonnage is required immediately but, if that is impossible, then as early as it can be made available, and as the committee's resources are limited, it is hoped the terms asked will be reasonable.

Tonnage is also required for the carriage of refugees to Ningpo.

N. H. LACEY.
Hon. Secretary.
Committee Co-ordinating Work of Evacuating Refugees

Shanghai, Sept. 5.

THOSE MAILS

Specific Inquiry Suggested

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Patience is the badge of our tribe nowadays. Yet are we not over-doing it in regard to the missing Europe mails? My last date is London July 29. Therefore somewhere between Shanghai, Manchouli, Moscow or Berlin must be some mail bags containing correspondence guaranteed delivery war or no war incident or no incident under international arrangement. In such cases in the past the Chinese Post Office by telegraphic inquiry has been able to ascertain the exact whereabouts of such delayed mail. We have no indication that such inquiry has been made or if it has been made what is the result. These mails cannot be lost. It is high time we knew that efforts were made to expedite their journey to Shanghai. And have precautions been taken to ensure use of the Suez route till conditions become normal?

DESOLATE.

Shanghai, Sept. 5.

FOOD WAR

A Firm Decision

To the Editor of the
"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS"

SIR,—Reports from a grass-widower, whose wife has evacuated, being left to the mercy of unscrupulous food-mongers' devastating onslaught of higher prices, are being received by local "village" circles.

It is claimed that such financial embarrassments make it impossible to adhere to the Wife-Power Treaty, recently ratified, of receiving the food budget below previous levels.

It is felt that such furious barrages from the compradore may result in a loss of marital prestige and endanger his family internal security. While it is acknowledged that a line of defence may be assumed under the camouflage of "present hostilities," "state of emergency," "abnormal times," etc., it is believed in high diplomatic circles that such tactics would only serve as a boomerang on the evacuees' return. Each night, having dug himself in oblivious to the attacking forces, the reports continued, he is met the next morning with a renewed bombardment of further increased charges.

Later reports claim that the defender is still holding his ground, but is feared to be facing heavy losses and his bank is being holed by repeated shelling.

Informed quarters, state, however, that armed resistance should be expected, and that plans are being made for the customer to surround himself with a strong emplacement of strict-economy bags.

Opinions from the seat of conflict suggest anticipation of a white paper being despatched to the Power concerned but more rational opinions consider that any such address would probably take the form of a light green paper at the end of the month with the usual bank signature.

In the meantime, a complaint is being lodged with the S.M.C. through the intermediary of the "N.C.D.N." and it is hoped that a firm view will be taken against such unwarranted profiteering aggression. This view is thought to be strengthened by the fact that Petrol and other Powers, although handicapped by similar conditions, are not wagering any offensive against the consumer.

Official sources believe that it is the policy of this particular customer not to aggravate the situation and any punitive expedition therefore has not been contemplated, but it should be clearly understood that, in the event of further price bombardment, rather than fail in his obligations to the above Treaty, with resultant loss of face, he will take the strongest measures, and, if necessary, starve himself to death.

"MUST-THESE-THINGS-BE."

Shanghai, Sept. 5.

AUTUMN RICE SOLVES FOOD PROBLEM

With the arrival in the market of new rice from autumn harvests in Chekiang and Kiangsu provinces, the local food problem is definitely a thing of the past, says a Chinese report. Bumper crops are understood to have been gathered in many parts of the country.

SOLUTION OF SUNDAY CROSS WORD No. 459

■	A	E	R	I	A	L	■	A	S	A	B	■	■	■
■	O	■	E	■	I	■	■	C	■	R	■	■	■	■
H	E	R	E	W	A	R	D	■	G	R	E	A	S	E
E	■	I	■	I	■	M	■	■	O	■	G	■	X	■
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L	■	T	■	D	A	N	T	Z	I	G	■	A	■	E
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T	I	N	B	A	D	■	I	■	T	■	■	■	■	■
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E	■	H	■	I	■	■	O	■	N	■	I	■	E	■
R	O	T	A	T	E	■	A	N	O	D	Y	N	E	S
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■	Y	O	S	E	■	S	C	U	M	M	Y	■	■	■

SOLUTION OF LONDON PUZZLE No. 1302

■	R	■	B	■	R	■	S	■	E	■	P	■	G	■
B	U	S	A	W	A	Y	■	O	■	S	T	A	Y	E	D
■	P	■	R	■	S	■	I	■	T	■	L	■	R	■
V	E	R	T	I	C	A	L	■	A	P	L	O	M	B
■	R	■	E	■	C	■	T	■	E	■	■	■	E	■
S	T	E	R	N	C	H	A	S	E	■	T	A	L	L
I	■	A	■	E	■	I	■	T	■	C	■	R	■	A
N	E	G	L	I	G	E	■	A	I	L	M	E	N	T
L	■	L	■	L	■	V	■	M	■	A	■	N	■	E
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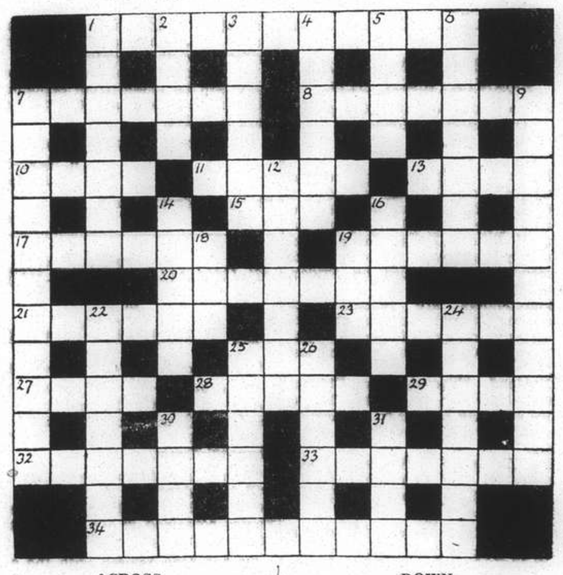
■	R	■	T	■	G	■	I	■	E	■	E	■	Y	■

LONDON CROSS WORD NO. 1303

(By Arrangement with the "Daily Telegraph.")



ACROSS

1 For taking turns change a race
7 This has an elevating influence often in a fish
8 River of Africa
10 A halter for a horse
11 Edge
12 The fish of 7 across
13 In art this is zealous
17 This kind of talk is apparently more opportune
19 The new invention is obvious
20 Barrow of a kind
21 Valuable mixture of mud and air
23 A magician's word?
25 A cask
27 From which many a boy has had a good swat
28 The skeleton of a regiment
29 A bit of classical music
32 The Press shows up falsehood in a high place
33 The man who was being tried for stealing a picture got nervous when the judge said this old master's name
34 A plant, not a venison delicacy

DOWN

1 The insult sounds like a scene of fighting
2 Tease, mainly with cleverness
3 Rough and untidy, perhaps due to horse-play
4 Allot as a symbol
5 Scottish island
6 Ladies must take care not to be seen in this attire
7 Sad as a falling thermometer in winter
9 No, these buildings are heavily built
12 What the ordnance did to the dud shell?
14 Common dress that seems to demand a rise
16 Port of the Near East
18 Spirit
19 A palindromic little creature
22 W. Country resort
24 At the top of the tree
25 One of the U.S.A.
26 Children sometimes make this as an excuse for getting your pennies
30 He is always to be found in a billiardroom
31 Comfortable for the sportsmen to retire to

HONGKONG CHOLERA FEARS ALLAYED

Shanghai Refugees Are Safe From Epidemic

INOCULATION FREELY GIVEN IN COLONY

FROM OUR SPECIAL CORRESPONDENT

Hongkong, Aug. 26.

"At the moment we are practically holding our own," said Dr. D. J. Valentine, the acting Director of Medical and Sanitary Services, in the course of an interview with the "North-China Daily News" representative yesterday afternoon on the subject of the cholera epidemic in Hongkong. He stressed the fact that the cholera epidemic was still "100 per cent Chinese only," and said that provided the foreign residents of the Colony—and that includes the hundreds of Shanghai refugees—observed the normal precautions, there was every reason to believe that their immunity would continue.

He admitted that the death rate for the first few days of the current week had actually shown a big jump, an average of about 34 deaths a day, but with the aid of a huge graph he pointed out how it was probable that this was a result of the great influx a week ago of refugees from Canton; cholera takes about six days to develop. In view of the drop in the number of refugees from the City of Rams, he said he now felt that latter part of the week would show a decrease. On Sunday, Monday and Tuesday the deaths were 51, 29 and 21 respectively, which appears to bear out his contention.

All Newcomers Inoculated

Shanghai residents whose families are now in Hongkong, or those who are planning to evacuate from the war zone in the near future, need have little fears about the epidemic, Dr. Valentine assured your correspondent. Every resident of Shanghai who lands in the Colony, and every resident in the Colony, is immediately given free inoculation against cholera and providing precautions are taken during the ten days before immunity develops (and of course, afterwards) there is little or no danger.

Ample supplies of vaccine have been received from Shanghai and from Singapore, a total of 250,000 c.c. of the vaccine having been received by air from the latter port alone during the week. There has, however, been a certain amount of doubt as to the strength of the vaccine given, the feeling being strong in certain quarters that only "half-doses" were given, and that more than one inoculation would therefore be necessary.

Effectiveness of Vaccine

Two explanations of this misapprehension are given. The first comes from Dr. Valentine who, after saying there was absolutely no grounds for such a belief and that full doses were given by all centres working under the government, explained that cholera vaccines were based on the number of dead germs in each c.c.: the usual number was between 2,000 and 3,000. Certain makes of vaccine, however, might contain, say, 4,000 to 6,000 germs, or more, in which cases only half a c.c. would actually be injected. This, of course, would not alter the fact that a full dose of from 2,000 to 3,000 dead germs had been given.

A second explanation given your correspondent by another dependable source is that in certain cases half doses are actually given, but not because of any shortage of vaccine. A full cholera injection semi-paralyses the muscles of the arm for a day or two, and may induce spells of giddiness and, in rare cases, force the patient to go to bed for a short while. The after-effects are not nearly so pronounced, it is understood, when the injection is given in two doses.

Official Figures Given

At the same time, there must be no attempt to belittle the seriousness of the situation, or the fact that for a period of about ten days after inoculation the patient does not reap any of the benefits of 50 per cent. immunity; cases have been reported where Chinese had contracted cholera after inoculation.

The official figures of cases and deaths for the past four weeks, according to the medical services department, are as follows, and make graphic reading:—

WEEK ENDING	CASES	DEATHS
July 31	12	11
Aug. 7	51	29
Aug. 14	205	113
Aug. 21	369	162
Total	637	315

In other words, about half the number of cases resulted in death, and by far the largest proportion are reported from Victoria, with Kowloon and Shaukiwan lagging far behind. Indications are, however, that a falling off in the number of reported cases and deaths will be revealed when the figures for the week ending August 28 are released.

A Suggestion

In view of the length of time required for immunity to develop, however, might it not be a good idea for the injections to be given in Shanghai before the evacuees board the ship for Hongkong? There may be practical difficulties in the way of this, but they should not be insurmountable, and those who have been so inoculated could be given a signed card, which could be shown here as proof of their having been so inoculated. This would release the pressure on the resources in Hongkong and would, in addition, make the period of "waiting for immunity" a smaller one, an important consideration in view of the epidemic. As far as your correspondent could gather, no practical consideration has yet been given to this, but there seems little doubt that if it were arranged on a proper, working basis, it would be welcomed.

374 Cases

Hongkong, Sept. 2.

The cholera epidemic continues. There were 374 cases last week, of which 219 were fatal.—Reuter.

FAMOUS ACTRESS TO VISIT CHINA

Katharine Cornell Plans Tour Of World In 1938

Katharine Cornell, one of the foremost English-speaking actresses, is contemplating a tour around the world. The idea long has been in her mind. There are many difficulties and problems to be solved before this can take definite shape, but if it materializes she would like to appear in Hawaii, New Zealand, Australia, Japan, China, the Philippine Islands, Siam, India, Egypt, Palestine, Turkey, Greece, Russia, Europe, the Scandinavian countries, England, Ireland, South Africa and possibly South America and Mexico.

Such an extensive tour never has been undertaken by an important American player. Miss Cornell would like to present a repertory of five or six plays, possibly William Shakespeare's "Romeo and Juliet," Bernard Shaw's "Saint Joan" and "Candida," Rudolf Besier's "The Barretts of Wimpole Street," another Shakespearean play and an Ibsen drama. This would necessitate a company of thirty or more players. If the venture is undertaken, the plan would be to start in May or June of next year and to continue for a year or eighteen months.

Though an American, Miss Cornell made her first stage success in London, England, in "Little Women." Her first success in her own country was in "A Bill of Divorcement." Among the plays in which she has acted are "Candida," "The Green Hat," "The Letter," "The Age of Innocence," "Dishonoured Lady," "The Barretts of Wimpole Street," "Lucrece," "Alien Corn," "Romeo and Juliet," "Flowers of the Forest," "Saint Joan" and "The Wingless Victory." Except for her appearance in London at the beginning of her career, she never has appeared outside of North America. Ray Henderson, her representative, will make a preliminary tour around the world, starting in June, to discuss Miss Cornell's appearance in the various countries. He will be in Shanghai in October.

MOHKANSHAN BASKS IN SUNSHINE AND PEACE

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

These days, Mohkanshan is a place of sunny leisure. In the distance, we hear an occasional boom of the gun which reminds us of the blast of war that is blowing upon the nation. Apart from this, everything here is in tune with the golden days of Autumn. Postal, and the general transport services, are being revived, and daily connection can now be made with Hangchow by motor bus. Business goes on as usual in the shops, but tradesmen complain of unreplenished stocks. Letters and newspapers from Shanghai are now being delivered in the space of two days, and the roads in the outlying country have taken on their pre-war aspect.

TENGHSIEN REMAINS CALM

Radios And Papers Keep Public Informed

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

Tenghsien Ku., Aug. 24.

Tenghsien remains quiet—no panic whatever—no one has left except some of a family who live at Chinkiang. A few have come here from cities further north, considering this a safer place. The official has requested all roofs to be painted black which lessens danger in a night attack. Lime, colored with lamp black, makes a sure and economical paint.

The crowding on some of the trains has been distressing in the extreme, some standing for hours and it is said that a few children have been killed by the crushing. One woman in a serious situation was brought from the train to the hospital here.

Two lectures a day have been given—the morning one by a lieutenant of the army. His subject was how to escape from gas or bombs. His direction re gas was encouraging. He advised getting up as nigh as possible and also putting a wet cloth over the face. Glycerine is necessary for the gas masks and that is so expensive just now the price makes it prohibitive for the poor man, so it helps to know there is something that can be done. The afternoon talk was by our western trained doctors—and the subject was First Aid to the wounded. This of itself is worth while where so few are trained along those lines.

Several radios keep us informed and the daily paper has come regularly, which is a real blessing.

Well Failure

The artesian well being dug at the hospital has been a great disappointment—first the bit stuck and could not be withdrawn out and now water seems to evade all search. Samples of the various strata have been preserved and listed but nothing special found—clay, sand and now they have bored through about 50 feet of slaty rock. One being made at the Mateer Memorial Institute has been more satisfactory. They started in an old well, already 30 feet deep, and at about 50 feet the flow of water was such that they had to discontinue. The scarcity of water is such that two more wells will be needed at the schools. A few of the old wells are still good.

Five missionaries have remained here through the summer with neither ice nor electric fans, nor refrigerators, and while we cannot say "in complete comfort," we have kept well.

LESSON SERMON

First Church of Christ Scientist

"Man" is the subject of the Lesson Sermon read yesterday in all Churches of Christ, Scientist, throughout the world.

Golden Text: Genesis 1:27. God created man in his own image, in the image of God created he him: male and female created he them.

Among the citations which comprise the Lesson Sermon is the following from the Bible: "Let your light so shine before men, that they may see your good works, and glorify your Father which is in heaven." (Matthew 5:16.)

The Lesson Sermon also includes the following passage from the Christian Science Textbook:

"We are sometimes led to believe that darkness is as real as light: but Science affirms darkness to be only a mortal sense of the absence of light, at the coming of which darkness loses the appearance of reality. So sin and sorrow, disease and death, are the suppositional absence of Life, God, and flee as phantoms of error before truth and love." (Page 215).

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JAPAN'S TRADE IN BAD BALANCE

Year's Total Excess Imports At Y.774,231,000

BIG SPURT OF EXPORTS BEFORE WAR INCIDENT

Tokyo, Sept. 1.

Since the beginning of the current year, Japan's imports have exceeded her exports by Y.774,231,000 according to official statistics issued by the Ministry of Finance.

For the last ten days in August, the Ministry's statement declared, exports have topped imports by Y. 3,046,000. Exports for that period, according to the announcement, aggregated Y. 105,632,000 while imports amounted to Y.102,586,000. Trade turnover during the last ten days of August, therefore, amounted to Y. 208,218,000.

Exports for the last ten days of August, the statement asserted, showed an excess of Y.22,139,000, or 26.6 per cent. over those of the middle ten days of the same month, and an excess of Y.9,927,000, or 10.4 per cent. over those for the last ten days of August, 1936.

Imports Restricted

Imports, according to the statistics, although showing an increase of Y.30,568,000, or 42.5 per cent. over the last ten days of August last year, decreased Y. 14,050,000, or 12.5 per cent. when compared with the imports during the middle ten days of August 1937.

Among the goods exported which showed an increase, according to the statement, groceries topped the list with an increase amounting to Y.9,474,000. Cotton cloth was next with an increase aggregating Y.6,387,000. Tinned and bottled foodstuffs increased Y.2,398,000.

Exports showing a definite decrease included raw silk, machinery, hosiery, vegetable oil, chinaware, iron products and refined oil. During the last ten days of August, imports of raw cotton and iron have dropped considerably, the statistics added.—Domei.

According to the British Medical Journal there are now 59,010 registered medical practitioners in Great Britain, of whom 6,000 are women.

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PEACE ORGANIZATIONS SEEK END OF EXTRALITY

United States Urged to Promote Constructive Action in China: End of War Sought

Washington, Sept. 4.

SIX leading peace organizations to-day united in an appeal to the United States to lead the way in the abandonment of all claims to extra-territorial rights in China. They projected a "constructive policy designed to protect China and promote peace in the Far East".

The four points outlined in the proposal were: first, the abandonment of all demands encroaching on Chinese sovereignty; second, the abandonment of a claim for a special International Settlement and extraterritorial rights; third, the repeal of the United States Oriental Exclusion Act, and fourth, an arrangement to aid the Chinese government to finance economic recovery after the war. The six organizations also demanded that the United States invoke the Neutrality Act.—United Press.

Adherence to Treaties

Washington, Sept. 4.

America's desire for permanent world peace was governing her policy in the Far East, despite domestic pleas for hasty action, declared a Government spokesman here to-day.

Speaking in a private capacity, the spokesman said he believed the Administration would not blindly follow sentiment for either bomb cellar pacificism and hiding with pacifists in bomb-proof cellars, or a show of force.

The State Department, he added, was continuing to seek adherence to such agreements as the Nine Power Treaty, which guarantees the sovereignty and territorial integrity of China.—Reuter.

Munitions Sold

Washington, Sept. 4.

The Department of State to-day revealed that during the month of August the United States sold more than $128,000 worth of arms and munitions to China and $300,000 worth to Japan. In both cases, most of the munitions were aeroplanes.

These were the largest shipments for a single month, according to the munitions board. Exports to all countries totalled $2,866,000.—United Press.

Labour Boycott

New York, Sept. 4.

An American labour boycott of war materials destined for Japan as a result of the Chinese plea for intervention was favoured here to-day by the National Maritime Union and the Maritime Council of the Port of New York, affiliates of the Committee for Industrial Organization, and the International Longshoremen's Association committee in favour of affiliation with the C.I.O.

The groups declared that Japan was the aggressor and asked the United States to intervene and brand Japan as guilty of violating the Kellogg-Briand pact and the Nine-Power Treaty.—United Press.

P. I. May Benefit

Washington, Sept. 4.

Sino-Japanese hostilities may result in sharp increases in United States exports to Manila, it was believed here to-day by Philippine and American business groups. It was recalled that Chinese control much of the retail business in the Philippines, and they were expected, as a result of the hostilities, to decrease their purchases from Japan, which have been increasing steadily during recent years.

Meanwhile, an artificial stimulation of business in the Philippines, resulting from the hostilities, is likely to increase the demands for numerous commodities, such as textiles, of which the United States is the most logical supplier if Chinese merchants in the Philippines boycott Japan.

Some business groups here believe that a protracted war might result in a complete about-face in the policy of the United States regarding early independence of the Islands because of the necessity of safeguarding economic interests.

Experts also believe that the possibilities for the increase of United States trade lie in the Far East as Europe is nearing the saturation point.—United Press.

LONG AIR BATTLE OVER FRONT

Japanese Claim Four Chinese Planes Are Shot Down

BOMBS DROPPED ON ARMOURED TRAINS

Four Chinese battle planes, part of a squadron of six operating in the Liuhochin and Chila sectors, were brought down by Japanese naval aircraft on Saturday afternoon, according to an announcement by the headquarters of the Third Fleet yesterday morning.

Three of the six Chinese planes, the statement added, were Curtiss-Hawks.

While a flight of Japanese naval planes was engaged in bombing Chinese concentrations in Chapei and Pootung on Saturday, the announcement said, other Japanese aircraft patrolled the Japanese lines in the Liuhochin area.

Two of the patrolling planes, the announcement added, spotted three Curtiss-Hawks flying near by and engaged them. Soon, three other Chinese planes dropped out of the clouds to enter the aerial battle, the statement said.

After bitter fighting, the statement asserted, three of the Chinese ships were brought down and the rest started to flee.

One of the Japanese 'planes, the statement said, chased the fleeing Chinese and when over Chila, shot down the fourth 'plane.

Meanwhile, Japanese naval aircraft operating over the Chapei sector, discovered and successfully strafed many camouflaged armoured trains near Nanziang, the announcement said.

The statement concluded by asserting that heavy casualties were inflicted on the Chinese by machine gun fire as they attempted to escape from the bombed trains.

SPANISH INSURGENT ATTACKS REPELLED

Hard Fighting on North West Battle Front

Madrid, Sept. 4.

Two smashing attacks by Gen. Francisco Franco's insurgents on the north-west front near Madrid were repelled here to-day, the soldiers falling back onto a field littered with dead. The attacks lasted more than two hours, the troops meeting in hand-to-hand fighting with grenades and bayonets.

At one point in the fighting, the insurgents captured the loyalists' advance position at El Pardo, but the loyalists furiously countercharged and recaptured it.

Military observers declared that the loyalists' capture of Belchite would block General Franco's drive toward Madrid. The government radio reported that Belchite had been captured after the most bitter fighting. Each house was taken separately.—United Press.

On Asturias Front

Santander, Sept. 4.

Although dense fog checked all aerial activity, the Navarra brigades continued their advance on Asturias on all fronts to-day. Hundreds of Republican militiamen were surrounded and made prisoner on the road from Unquera to Cerbera del Pisuerga.

The Nationalists have captured the townships of Llanaves, Portillo and Vidiago and are preparing for the assault of the Picos de Europa mountains which would clear the way to Gijon.—Trans-Ocean.

Republican Plane Losses

Salamanca, Sept. 4.

According to an official Nationalist communique issued here, 93 Republican aeroplanes were shot down in August.—Trans-Ocean.

Massing at Saragossa

Saragossa, Sept. 5.

A Nationalist counter-attack on the Aragon front is foreseen by a Havas correspondent, who believes that this area, will be the major front of the Spanish civil war, as both factions have massed a considerable number of troops.

At the beginning of the Loyalist offensive their aims were Huesca in the north, Saragossa in the centre and Teruel in the south. However, none of these objectives were reached and the Loyalists will now have to face a violent counter-attack by insurgent forces.—Havas.

Italian Wounded Return

Rome, Sept. 4.

Over 700 wounded Italians who had been serving as volunteers in Spain and had taken part in the operations which led to the fall of Bilbao and Santander, arrived at Naples to-day on board the Italian hospital ship "Gradisca." Among them were forty wounded officers.

The men were welcomed upon their arrival by General Russo, the chief of staff of the Fascist militia.—Trans-Ocean.

H.M.S. DIAMOND OFF TO AMOY

Chinese Naval Headquarters Bombarded by Japanese

Hongkong, Sept. 5.

The British destroyer, H.M.S. Diamond (1,375 ton) has been ordered to Amoy immediately to protect British interests threatened by recurring Japanese attacks against the Amoy forts.—Reuter.

Chinese H.Q. Destroyed

Taihoku, Formosa, Sept. 5.

Chinese naval headquarters at Amoy, now being used by the Kwangtung Army, were completely destroyed by well-directed Japanese naval artillery fire and aerial bombardment on Friday afternoon, Japanese naval officials announced here to-day.—Domei.

STRIFE OVER STAMP IN CENTRAL AMERICA

Managua, Sept. 4.

The governments of Nicaragua and Honduras have exchanged solemn notes this week and the newspapers of both countries have expressed grave fears of war as result of Nicaragua's refusal to withdraw a recent issue of postage stamps.

Withdrawal of the stamp issue was urgently requested by the Honduran Government because the highly coloured engraving displayed a map of Nicaragua on which a strip of frontier land claimed by Honduras was labelled "Territory in Dispute."—United Press.

PAWNSHOPS TO RE-OPEN SHORTLY

The pawnshops in Shanghai, which have suspended business as a result of the enforcement of emergency measures by the Ministry of Finance limiting the drawings of bank deposits, will be re-opened shortly, says a local report to the Chinese press. Resumption of business has been made possible by the Ministry's decision to exempt the pawnshops from the restrictive measures.

COTTON CROP IN HONAN FALLS BY ONE-THIRD

The cotton crop in Honan province has fallen short of its expected volume by one-third owing to excessive rainfall, states a special report to the Ta Kung Pao. According to the statistical data of the Cotton Improvement Commission, the total cotton growing area in Honan is 7,734,564 mow, which should yield 2,615,496 piculs of cotton.

UNITED STATES BATTLESHIPS AT TORQUAY

Three American battleships, New York, Wyoming and Arkansas, which comprise the cadet training of the U. S. Navy, recently visited Torquay, England. Rear-Admiral Wilson is seen being piped on board his flagship, New York.

CHINA TO BE COMPELLED TO "MEND HER WAYS"

Mr. Hirota Outlines Japan's Position in Crisis: Powers' Efforts for Peace Recalled

Tokyo, Sept. 5.

ADDRESSING the Diet, convened in an emergency session to deliberate on the critical situation on the Asiatic continent, the Foreign Minister, Mr. Koki Hirota, to-day expressed the hope that the statesmen of China would "speedily realize their mistakes."

In a lengthy address, devoted almost entirely to a recapitulation of recent events along the Yangtze and in Shanghai, Mr. Hirota asserted that Japan could "do no other" than counter by force of arms the mobilization of China's vast armies."

"The urgent need at this moment," he declared, "is that we take a resolute attitude and compel China to mend her ways."

Japan's basic policy, the Foreign Minister stated, aimed "at the stabilization of East Asia through conciliation and co-operation between Japan, Manchoukuo, and China for their common prosperity and well-being."

Japan's Objective

"Japan has no other objective than to see a happy and tranquil North China, and all China freed from the danger of the recurrence of such calamitous hostilities as the present, and Sino-Japanese relations so adjusted as to enable us to put into practice our above-mentioned policy," he declared.

The cause of the actual hostilities was ascribed by Mr. Hirota to the practice of the Nanking Government and other military regimes in China of inciting "public opinion against Japan as a means of strengthening their own political powers."

The Foreign Minister regretted that the nationals of third countries in China were being subjected to "trials and tribulations" similar to those undergone by Japanese residents. Fifty thousand Japanese, he declared, had been forced to evacuate "leaving behind them their huge investments and their business interests, acquired through years of arduous toil, and other rights and interests, while not a few of them have been made victims of the hostilities."

Peace Desired

Japan, having great interests in Shanghai, was desirous as were other interested Powers of maintaining peace and order in that area, Mr. Hirota said in describing Japan's attitude towards the Anglo-French proposal for a mutual Sino-Japanese withdrawal of armed forces from the Shanghai area.

"The actions of the Chinese, however, in and around Shanghai are plainly in violation of the Truce Agreement of 1932 in that they illegitimately moved their regular troops into the zone proscribed by that Agreement and increased both the number and the armaments of the Peace Preservation Corps and in that, relying on their numerical superiority, they challenged the Landing Party and the civilian population of our country," he declared.

The Japanese Government, Mr. Hirota continued, felt that "the hostilities in Shanghai could not be brought to an end save through the withdrawal of the Chinese regular troops from the prohibited zone and of the Peace Preservation Corps from the front lines."

Japan, the Foreign Minister asserted, had communicated its "sincere hope" to Britain, France, and the United States, that as parties to the Truce Agreement, they would use their good offices "to bring about a withdrawal of the Chinese troops outside of the proscribed zone."

Plan Received Too Late

A concrete plan to avoid hostilities in Shanghai, worked out by the Consuls-General at Shanghai of Great Britain, America and France, Mr. Hirota revealed, had been received in Tokyo at midnight on August 13.

"But on the afternoon of that very day," the Foreign Minister continued, "the Chinese armies that had been pouring into the Shanghai area took the offensive, and on August 14 their war planes dropped bombs not only on the headquarters of our Landing Party, our warships and our Consulate-General, but also all over the International Settlement.

"No longer could we do anything but abandon all hopes for a peaceful settlement and fight for the protection of our 30,000 nationals in Shanghai.

"I regret to say that the earnest efforts of the Powers concerned were thus nullified by the Chinese outrages," he declared.

"Let us hope that the statesmen of China can be brought to take a broad view of East Asia, that they speedily realize their mistakes and that turning a new leaf, they will act in unison with the high aim and aspirations of Japan."—Domei.

Evacuation Problem

The Hon. Secretary of the Committee Co-ordinating the work of evacuating refugees from Shanghai appeals specially to shipowners for tonnage suitable for the carriage of Chinese refugees to Amoy, Swatow, Canton and Ningpo. The tonnage is required immediately and offers which should be reasonable should be telephoned to Mr. N. H. Lacey, the Hon. Sec. (Tel. 12854). See letter on p. 2.

Fainted Six Times In One Day.

Anyone who has experienced the sensation of fainting will feel pity for a girl who was so weak that she fainted many times a day. Such was the unfortunate plight of Miss Harriet King, of 20 Victoria Street, Eccles, England, whose father tells how she recovered health and strength with Dr. Williams' Pink Pills.

"My daughter, who is in her seventeenth year, grew so pale and thin it was pitiful to see her," states Mr. King. "She could not eat and fell away to a shadow. She had six or seven fainting bouts a day, and at last became too weak to walk."

"After we had tried many remedies we were recommended to give her Dr. Williams' Pink Pills."

"Soon after commencing the pills, the colour began to return to Harriet's cheeks. Then her appetite picked up and she slept well. Before long she was able to walk without help, and now can run up and downstairs and never seems tired."

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WORLD POPULATION DISTRIBUTION

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"GREAT OPEN SPACES" NOT BEING FILLED

London, Sept. 4.

In the geography section of the British Association meeting at Nottingham, Professor Fawcett of London discussed the changing distribution of the population.

The world average density, he said, was 40 persons a square mile, and this density was exceeded only in Europe, eastern North America, the Far East and India with Ceylon. In these four regions three-fourths of the world's present estimated population of 2,000,000,000 was to be found on little more than one-eighth of the total land area.

During the twentieth century, the area of inhabited lands on the margins of all the four major populous regions had been increasing, and in North America this movement had perhaps overshot the climatic limits of good, cultivatable lands.

Huge Chinese Migration

India had made a real expansion on newly-irrigated lands in the Indus Valley. Thirty millions and more of Chinese had pushed into Manchoukuo and Inner Mongolia in the greatest of recent migrations. There had also been an eastward colonization of western Siberia from Russia extending almost to Lake Batum, which amounted possibly to 2,000,000.

The net effect of the great migrations of the 19th and 20th centuries had not tended to spread the population more evenly over the earth or to fill up great open spaces, but only to accentuate the crowding of mankind into already populous lands.

Drift to Cities

Mr. Fawcett dealt very fully with the marked and growing concentration of populations in urban areas and great cities of the world. This drift to towns, he said, was universal in countries affected by modern western civilization. Between 1921 and 1931 the proportional increase in the London area was more than double the rate of increase for Great Britain.

The numbers of these "million cities" and of their inhabitants was increasing, so that in two or three generations, if the tendency was not checked, the majority of mankind might be found living in from 200 to 300 such concentrations.—Wireless through Reuter.

MORE CHINESE ARE EVACUATED

5,400 Leave Shanghai In Single Day

Three batches of war refugees, totalling 5,400 people, were evacuated from Shanghai by the Shanghai Relief Commission yesterday. The three batches were evacuated to Soochow, Wusih, and Kashing respectively.

Up to September 5, the Commission maintained a total of 106 refugee camps throughout Shanghai, with an aggregate number of 37,260 refugees.

Throughout the day, the medical sub-committee gave treatment to a total of 275 seriously sick and 612 slightly sick of the war victims.—Central News.

FRENCH ENVOY CALLS ON WOUNDED AMBASSADOR

M. Paul Emile Naggiar, French Ambassador to China, who arrived here yesterday, called at the Country Hospital shortly after 10 o'clock this morning to inquire after the condition of Sir Hughe Knatchbull-Hugessen, British Ambassador. Sir Hughe, who has been making steady progress from injuries inflicted by machine gun bullets from a Japanese plane on Aug. 26, conversed with the French envoy for half an hour.

BREWERY MAY START WORK AGAIN

In view of the distress caused among the foreign armed forces engaged in the defence of the Settlement by the shortage of beer, the Japanese naval authorities are giving consideration to the reopening of a "major British-owned brewery in the Yangtszepoo District," a Japanese naval spokesman announced yesterday.

"This special consideration," he said, "was being given in view of the gravity of the situation on the beer front."

MORE SHELLING OF POOTUNG AREA

15 Minutes Bombardment During Afternoon

Following a quiet day in the Pootung front, activities in this sector started once again yesterday afternoon around five o'clock when Japanese warships down river, rained shells at long range for about fifteen minutes. At first, the shells seemed to be landing at different points in Pootung, but later the Japanese seemed to have fixed their aim, and four or five shells exploded at one spot opposite The Bund about two miles inland.

Several shells landed in the Whangpoo, scattering shrapnel at different points along The French Bund. There was no reply from the Chinese batteries in Pootung. All was quiet by 5.30 p.m. Meanwhile, loud explosions in the region of the North Station told of more bombing attempts in that sector and smoke from a large fire in this area rose above the rooftops a few minutes later. Several Japanese planes flew over the southern district during the afternoon, but did not appear to drop any bombs.

BRITISH NEWSPAPER MEN IN IRELAND

Dublin, Sept. 4.

The attitude of English press correspondents in Dublin towards the Irish Free State will come up for discussion in the Dail Eiraeann immediately after the reassembling of the latter, according to political circles here who complain that the correspondents are carrying on a systematic campaign of misrepresentation against the Free State.

It is pointed out in this connection that the new Irish constitution will contain provisions enabling the government to deal with certain press campaigns against the Free State carried on within the latter's frontiers.—Trans-Ocean.

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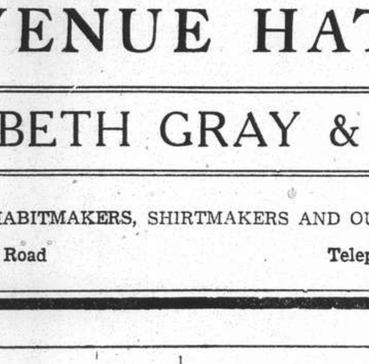

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All Announcements in this column are charged at the rate of $3 per insertion.

DEATH

HARRIS.—On August 30, 1937, lost at sea, from ss. President Hoover, NORMAN G. HARRIS, aged 53 years. x1642

IMPARTIAL NOT NEUTRAL

ANGLO-AMERICAN UNITY

Practical and concrete co-operation between the British and American authorities in China is a feature of the present situation. Surprise may therefore be felt here that, in London and Washington, discussion of joint Anglo-American action is framed in the interrogative. The close contacts of the naval and military forces of the two countries receive daily illustration in Shanghai. One of the three Shanghais—the International Settlement—is actually being governed by a Council with an American Chairman who has a British Vice-Chairman as well as another American and four more British colleagues. The administration under their control reflects a similar international concord. Nor is there any reason to doubt that the relations between the diplomatic representatives of the two countries on the spot are any less harmonious. London and Washington, however, have to consider political factors which are but dimly perceived from this distance. Mr. Cordell Hull has to keep in mind not merely the situation in China but the effect on American opinion of any diplomatic action which might appear to link up Washington's policy with the confused state of affairs in Europe. So he naturally repudiates any intention of leaning on Great Britain and he is not inclined to advise President Roosevelt to take any step which could be interpreted in that sense. It is useless for British critics to argue that such fears are unjustified. An American Government, like any democratic government elsewhere, has to keep its ear to the ground and certain political traditions which somehow or other breed distrust of British diplomacy cannot be ignored. It would be fatal if Anglo-American unity became a plant of forced growth. Wisdom is shown both in Washington and London in endeavouring to let it grow of its own virility and in cultivating it more by tacit agreement than explicit prescription. This may at times provoke impatience when it seems that so much could be done by a swift exhibition of joint accord, but by preserving individual freedom of action the two countries give all the more emphasis to their common outlook when it happens to assert itself spontaneously.

Nevertheless criticism may be properly directed against those arguments which, either in London or Washington, affect to block the way to cooperation merely by citing past experience. The suggestion that Mr. Cordell Hull will not "permit Great Britain to forget that she failed to support the Stimson policy in Manchuria" is surely both sweeping and illogical. Mr. Hull is not likely to get so far away from the actualities on the State Department files. If every nation, to use the Lancashire expression, "carried a stone in its pocket", the cause of international cooperation would indeed be in a parlous plight. Many British commentators have firmly expressed the opinion that Sir John Simon was not the best man to have at the Foreign Office when the Manchurian crisis was developing. It must be remembered, however, that the actual holder of the portfolio when the Mukden "incident" set rolling the ball which was to have so catastrophic influence on the League of Nation's power for peace-construction, was the late Marquis of Reading and Sir John Simon did not take office until the General Election had given formal approval to the National Government which reconstructed its cabinet from November 1931—six weeks after the Sino-Japanese clash. Lord Reading had therefore to bear some responsibility for the failure to bring speedy pressure on Japan in the early stages of the affair. Yet it is quite incorrect to suggest that Mr. H. L. Stimson's criticism of the British Foreign Office bears on that period. Indeed he expressly has dissented from that view. Moreover he makes it clear that the League, enjoying for the first time, American cooperation, could not have had "during those early months the same American cooperation in the use of sanctions". He himself relied on the influence of moderates in Japan and, later, on the effect of international condemnation and the policy of non-recognition of conquest contrary to treaty. In short, for whatever delay may have incurred the rightful criticism of wisdom after the event, Great Britain was no more to be censured than other countries. The gravamen of Mr. Stimson's charge against British policy was in respect of the lack of response given to his memorandum of January 7, 1932, "the most signal effort by our own government" says Mr. Stimson "to carry out that pledge (acceptance of the Kellogg-Briand Pact)". He expected sympathy from London. He did not get it and there Sir John Simon has to bear the responsibility. Mr. Stimson's disappointment was acute but he did not go as far as a recent message from Washington has done in criticizing the Foreign Office's decision. He has written:

> while deeply regretting the division of policy, we were not uncharitably disposed in our acceptance of it at the time. We were well aware of the great national strain which had enveloped Great Britain ever since the change in her government in September and which rendered it an especially difficult time in which to follow a difficult policy. We also fully appreciated the natural ties of sentiment and gratitude which had resulted from the former Anglo-Japanese alliance. Moreover, as a former administrator in the Far East, I was well acquainted with the attitude of mind towards China which had been reflected in the editorial of the London "Times". It was the typical attitude of the "Old Timer" (Old China Hand)

Looking back over the lustrum which has since passed it is instructive to note the accuracy of Mr. Stimson's conclusion that the British Government had allowed itself to be too strongly influenced by the "City" which was taking its cue from the Old China Hand, as everyone now admits.

However, the Old China Hand, with the exception of a few seagreen incorruptibles, has changed his tune and the only value of recalling the diplomatic passages of those days is to show that they did not create such resentment at Washington as to make the American Government distrustful of Great Britain. They should not be used for that purpose now. If there is to be any Anglo-American co-operation it must be based on the free and frank examination of facts as they are and not on a sense of pique on the one side or the other because of past divergences of view. It is far better to avoid precise declarations at the centre owing to the danger of their meeting with political interpretations which would prove embarrassing to the domestic security of the respective administrations. When, as in China to-day, British and American citizens and the official representatives of their Governments are working hand in hand by the mere process of seeing the situation through the same glasses there is no need to force the pace. On the larger issues which are necessarily obscured to observers here by the present local crisis, there is every reason to be confident that the inexorable facts of international policy will of themselves develop an increasing solidarity of Anglo-Saxon effort. Great Britain has to bear her share of the blame for the breakdown in the collective system and the consequent perplexities which have afflicted America no less than Europe, but she has vindicated her claim to be a contributor to the remedial processes now at work by virtue of the firmness of her policy to-day. Undeflected from her abiding faith in the ultimate success of the doctrine of international cooperation, she is putting herself and, therefore, her friends in a stronger position to uphold those views. On those lines American opinion is gradually developing and automatically will produce an Anglo-American unity which will require no solicitous probing for evidence of its reality, even if it has to dispense with formal symbols or diplomatic abracadabra.

A SAMPAN HEROINE

That stirring episode which, in some onlookers' minds, began the extraordinary machine-gun and artillery land and water conflict in the Whangpoo's "London Pool" off Pootung Point on Friday, was well-described by a correspondent yesterday. The story revealed the heroism of the woman who rowed the sampan by which the alleged snipers tried to make good their escape. Under the heavy machine-gun fire which induced her passengers to dive into the river the woman yulohed imperturbably as if she were merely engaged in a Henli regatta, supposing that austere function permitted such a craft to enter its competitions. It is true of course that the machine-gunners' attention seemed to be mainly directed toward the swimmers in the water when once the sampan had been emptied but for some considerable time the little boat was under direct fire and never did the lady at the yuloh falter. She successfully emerged into an atmosphere of comparative quietude past the Augusta whose complement gave her a sporting cheer in recognition of a gallantry which might have won a decoration in other circumstances.

RUGGER BEGINS

To Welshmen, midlanders and west of England men belongs the honour of getting off the rugger mark early. London clubs, if they have started at all, are in the "whites and colours" phase with various reservations regarding the fierceness of tackling allowed because of the hardness of the ground. Leicester and Bedford played their time-honoured opener at Leicester, with the visitors the winners by six points. Newport, Cardiff and Plymouth Albion graciously stretched their giant limbs after the summer sleep to the admiration of weaker fifteens enjoying their hospitality. It is good to learn of this enthusiasm and expectation will be enhanced a fortnight hence when Blackheath, Harlequins and Rosslyn Park come into line and inform the world that London is content to put cricket bats and balls away and devote itself to the scrummaging game. Not that London constitutes the best that is in English rugger, but its big battalions have an important influence on the game. For unadulterated keenness it is impossible to beat those hardy teams which have now kicked off. It is appropriate therefore to wish them a good sporting season, few penalty kicks and plenty of winning half-pence.

AUGUSTA MINSTRELS

The credit of breaking the long respite from entertainment in the absolute sense of the term will belong to the unnamed artists from the U.S.S. Augusta who, calling themselves Augusta Minstrels, propose to reopen the Grand Theatre on Thursday with what is described as "a real old-time Nigger Minstrel Show". This is quite enough to whet the enthusiasm of Shanghailanders and as the entire proceeds of the concert are to be devoted to the Fund for coordinating the work of evacuating refugees there is an additionally strong incentive to support the talent which, as experience tells, is so rich in the warships of the United States of America. The Nigger Minstrel is an essentially American institution although it has had respectable imitators at Queen's Hall London and elsewhere. It will be therefore particularly interesting for non-Americans as well as Americans to learn how deep-rooted is that form of entertainment in the country which has since given jazz and the cinema musicale to the world's diversion. In short Mr. Johnson will appear at the Grand with Bones, Sambo and the rest. He will prove that, even if the crooner can still monopolize the microphone, he and his accomplices on the flesh-and-blood stage can appeal to the present generation as they did to its grandfathers and grandmothers.

"LOCAL SETTLEMENT"

The fuller version of Mr. Koki Hirota's speech shows that he lays considerable emphasis on China's responsibility for the present crisis in Shanghai in that her Government has refused to follow Japan in endeavouring to arrive at "local settlements". This specious argument does not deceive the world although it may find an echo in the breasts of those who imagine that its acceptance might have spared them considerable loss and suffering. By endeavouring to secure regional or local settlements Japan has not only run counter to her own solemnly expressed desire to regard the Government at Nanking as the Central Government of China but she has presented China with the dilemma of having to submit to a piecemeal erosion of Chinese soil without any guarantee of finality to the process. If the Central Government had acceded to Japan's terms for the local settlement of the issues arising out of the Marco Polo Bridge affair, it would have been accused of having been false to its pledge to resist any further encroachment on China's territory. That being so the question arose where could resistance be best made having regard to the politico-military factors involved. The choice was taken in the Shanghai area, although that may have involved an apparent breach of the Shanghai truce of 1932 to which Great Britain was a party, as Mr. Hirota observes. The technicality is largely irrelevant mainly because of the reality of Japanese aggression in the North and the attitude of the Government in Tokyo toward Chinese resistance to that aggression. It must also be remembered that the machinery set up under the truce to secure its faithful observance was virtually unused, except when the Japanese, to cover certain clearly-intentioned movements, desired to invoke its provisions and naturally failed to evoke enthusiasm in consequence, especially as their own divagations in Hongkew and Yangtszepoo ever since the truce was signed were little in accord with the spirit if not the letter of the pact. Mr. Hirota endeavours to exploit Shanghai's natural distress by throwing the blame on the Chinese authorities but he fails to realize that he is not talking in 1932. Then that facile argument had a greater appeal than it has today when the world has been able to study the relentless pressure of Japanese militarism on the whole body politic of China. When, for example, he accuses the Chinese Government of embarking "on an anti-Japanese campaign of the most vicious kind", he is unfortunately banging a drum with a painfully big hole in it. The most potent disseminator of anti-Japanese feelings in China has been Japanese militarism itself and the voluble spokesmen who have in season and out of season arrogantly proclaimed its intentions.

ROME'S EQUANIMITY

The comments from Italy on the unpleasant accentuation of the submarine peril in the Mediterranean are constructively helpful. They avoid any appearance of desiring to aggravate the situation and it is significant that the official Italian organ goes out of its way to emphasize that the impending meeting between Herr Hitler and Signor Mussolini does not prejudice the movement toward better relations with England. Most important is the declaration that the close co-operation between Nazi Germany and Fascist Italy does not imply a desire to develop a policy of "isolation". This is a reasonable response to Great Britain's insistence on her right to avoid ideological doctrines in determining her foreign contacts. Not quite as satisfactory is the highly-coloured comment of the Soviet press which decorates its Fascist opponents with curious epithets. The dispassionate observer is apt to form the opinion that violence in language is resorted to for the purpose of concealing a feebleness in policy. At all events Great Britain and France are taking practical measures for reassuring all disputants by the simple device of protecting their shipping against submarine attacks. It is suggested from one quarter that this system will be reinforced by sinking the offenders "without trace"—a tactful method of avoiding inconvenient identification. It may also have the further advantage of deterring submarine commanders from being too negligent in ascertaining the character of the vessel selected for attack.

Sixty Years Ago

FROM THE "NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OF SEPTEMBER 6, 1877

The day of the small river gunboat whose function was to lie within the mouth of creeks and beat periodically on the tomtom to warn pirates to commit their depredations elsewhere, is evidently nearly over. We mentioned, some time ago, that the Governor of Chekeang was talking of having small steamers built to replace those in his jurisdiction and we find from the Gazette of August 23, that the idea has been already put in practice in Kwangtung. No less than sixteen small steam-launches have been introduced for police purposes on the three great rivers which intersect that province. Their total cost has been Tls. 96,860, and they cost per month Tls. 4,148 to maintain. The idea is an excellent one, and if honestly commanded and used, they ought to be of great service in suppressing piracy in those much-vexed waters.

* * *

A Tientsin correspondent writes on September 1. Some rain has fallen. But there is much sickness among the Chinese. The Chinese are steeping hemp in all the pits and pools about the city, which is causing a horrible stench and filling the air with miasma.

A Country Diary

Aug. 26.—I have always liked Hedgehogs but owing to their nocturnal habits have seen very little of them. This countryside must be a Hedgehogs' paradise with its large supply of beetles and other succulent morsels (not forgetting the eggs of ground-nesting birds) and I have kept a sharp look-out at convenient water-holes in the hope of seeing one—for these animals are great water drinkers and may often be seen assuaging their thirst in the early morning hours....but all in vain: my sole reward has been a report from a friend who has an artificial pool which proved the undoing of one thirsty animal: the concrete edge of the pool is some inches above the water, and the poor creature, leaning over to reach the tempting liquid, over-balanced and was found drowned: hogs of any kind were never good swimmers! But this incident at least had the result of bringing forth a good (and perfectly true) story, which is worth recording. In the depth of winter a man found a large snowball surrounded by the pad-marks of some unknown animal—and with no other evidence to account for its existence: seeking an explanation the man dug into the snowball and found in its centre....a curled-up Hedgehog! Then the explanation became clear: the hungry animal had dug up a hibernating Hedgehog and started to roll it, probably with the hope of making it uncurl (but the hedgehog went on sleeping); the more it was rolled, the more the snow stuck...until the whole mass was too heavy to move and so was abandoned. Finally the man took the snowball home and thawed it out—but still the hedgehog went on sleeping—and continued to do so until the next Spring when it woke up and was released! Quite a happy story, but one which should not be told to gamekeepers who kill hedgehogs on sight because of the egg-stealing habit.

THE WEATHER

The temperature near Holy Trinity Cathedral, Shanghai, for 24 hours ending 7 p.m.

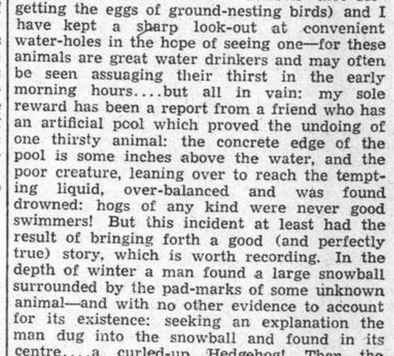
Yesterday	Min.	79.0	Max.	96.5
Same date, 1936	Min.	79.0	Max.	93.5

Rainfall nil.

Siccawei Recording:—

Yesterday	Min.	76.8	Max.	97.7
Same date, 1936	Min.	77.7	Max.	92.8

Siccawei's Report



State on the morning of the 5th:—Fine and hot weather. South-easterly breezes. Normal and steady pressure.

Probabilities, 4.30 p.m. yesterday:—Cloudy to locally overcast weather with variable breezes around Shantung. Fine and hot, cloudy at times with variable breezes in the Upper and the Mean Yangtze Valley: threatening thunder with southerly to easterly winds or breezes over the Lower Yangtze Valley, the Eastern Sea and Formosa. The typhoon over the Pacific is apparently slowly inclining more northward. Typhoon signal: Approximate position of the centre at 2 p.m., within 120 miles latitude 18, longitude 126, stationary or very slow, intensity: unknown.—Siccawei Observatory.

ADMIRALS' MEMORANDUM TO WARRING PARTIES

Chinese Government Studying Request For Joint Withdrawal of Forces

THREE ESSENTIAL POINTS OUTLINED

As a result of the artillery duel on Friday between the Japanese men-of-war and the Chinese land batteries in Pootung, which resulted in a number of casualties in the International Settlement and the French Concession, the Admirals commanding the British, American and French Fleets in Shanghai sent a joint memorandum to the contending parties on Saturday, mention of which was made in yesterday's issue of the "North-China Daily News."

Admiral H. E. Yarnell, commanding the Asiatic Fleet, released for publication yesterday the full text of their note, which follows:—

Sept. 4.

"The Commanders-in-Chief of the American, British and French naval forces wish to draw the attention of the Commander-in-Chief of the Japanese Third Fleet and Chinese military authorities in the Pootung area to the consequences of the artillery duel which took place about mid-day on September 3 between Chinese guns in Pootung and the Japanese warships stationed in sections 5, 6 and 7 of the Shanghai harbour.

"Several shells fell in the International Settlement south of Soochow Creek and in the French Concession, causing 40 or 50 casualties, and serious damage was caused to property in Pootung.

"The Commanders-in-Chief consider that if these engagements continue and possibly become more general the safety of the foreign areas will be seriously involved and life and property further endangered.

"The Commanders-in-Chief therefore recommend and request that in order to avoid this state of affairs and to preserve the safety of the foreign areas under their protection the Chinese and Japanese forces should be withdrawn as follows:

"1.—Japanese naval forces to withdraw below Section 7 of the river.

"2.—Chinese forces in Pootung to withdraw to the eastward of Pootung Road and south of Changkadu Creek. —H. E. Yarnell, Admiral, U.S. Navy, Commander-in-Chief, Asiatic Fleet: Charles Little, Admiral, Commander-in-Chief, China Fleet: Le Bigot, Vice-Admiral, Commander-in-Chief French Naval Forces in the Far East."

Chinese Viewpoint

Nanking, Sept. 5.

It is understood that the Chinese Government is willing to consider the request of the British, American and French authorities that the Japanese warships in Shanghai harbour should move to a point about one mile down river from Soochow Creek and that the Chinese troops withdraw inland from certain positions in Pootung, provided the three Powers guarantee:

1. That the Japanese warships withdraw to the specified point.
2. That the Japanese do not bombard the Chinese troops during their withdrawal.
3. That the Japanese do not take advantage of the withdrawal of the Chinese troops to land Japanese reinforcements at Pootung.—Reuter.

Japanese Studying Suggestion

The Japanese naval command here is "giving full attention" to the proposal of the Consuls-General for Great Britain, France and the United States for the withdrawal of Japanese men-of-war down the river, a Japanese naval spokesman revealed yesterday.

Under the terms of the proposal, the Chinese forces were to be simultaneously withdrawn from the Pootung shore, facing the International Settlement, farther inland.

Paoshan Taken

Capture of Paoshan, following three successive attacks upon Chinese positions on Saturday night, was claimed yesterday by the Japanese Army in a special communiqué.

The walled town, the statement said, was occupied early yesterday afternoon, after the retreat of Chinese forces stationed in the vicinity of Chinchiachai village.

Japan Will Halt Military Action If China Moves

Nanking Must Reconsider Relations

UNANIMOUS REACTION IN TOKYO DIET

Tokyo, Sept. 5.

Chinese reconsideration of her policies regarding her relations with Japan will bring to a halt Japanese military activity, the Premier, Prince Fumimaro Konoye, told the Diet today.

"The Japanese Government," Premier Konoye declared, "is prepared to halt its present measures provided the Chinese Government really shows signs of true reconsideration and sincerely gives evidence that it will co-operate with Japan in promoting Oriental culture and the maintenance of Oriental peace."

Prince Konoye warned, however, that "should the Chinese fail to reconsider and continue persistently to oppose Japan, this nation is naturally prepared to continue hostilities over an extended period."—Domei.

Diet's Response

Tokyo, Sept. 5.

Responding to the rescript read by Emperor Hirohito in the Diet yesterday, Japan's parliamentarians passed resolutions pledging their assistance in "deliberating on measures submitted by the Government and assisting in the conduct of State affairs."

Simultaneously, General Gen Sugiyama and Admiral Mitsumasa Yonai, respectively War and Navy Ministers, instructed forces under their command "to unite in loyalty and devotion to public service, so as to attain the nation's objectives."

From early morning to late at night, the Emperor is receiving reports on the latest developments in China from his aides-de-camp and studying maps of China, the Imperial Household Ministry revealed to-day. —Domei.

PETROL RATIONED IN NANKING

Chinese Soldiers' Families To Be Cared For

Nanking, Sept. 5.

The Municipal Government, with the co-operation of foreign petrol companies, has instituted control of the consumption and transportation of gasoline and kerosene.

Only holders of special coupons, issued by the Municipal Government are allowed to purchase gasoline, which is limited to two gallons a day for each motor-car.

The Government reserves the right to change the quota limit at any time.

No transportation of gasoline or kerosene is permitted without a special permit from the Government.

Comforting Dependents

Meanwhile, the Honan provincial government has promulgated regulations for the favourable treatment families of soldiers and officers fighting at the front.

Such families are exempted from compulsory labour service and the payment of special taxes. If they are in financial distress, they may obtain relief from the Government.

Magistrates and civic leaders in various places have been instructed to visit the families of officers and soldiers for the purpose of "comforting" them and also expressing the gratitude of the Chinese Government and public for their services.—Reuter.

MANY WOUNDED IN SHANGHAI

Tragic Result of Shooting In Settlement

Several Chinese civilians, including three women, were wounded yesterday afternoon in the course of shelling of Pootung and the Whangpoo River from Japanese warships in the vicinity of Woosung.

The bombardment, which lasted nearly half an hour, started at 4.35 o'clock, when the first shell fell in Pootung at a point fairly well inland, across from Tungkadoo. The second and third shells hit the river near the Nantao side and sprayed shrapnel on the waterfront, narrowly missing several persons there. Altogether about a dozen shells fell during the bombardment. Huge waterspouts were caused by the missiles which hit the Whangpoo.

Three Chinese women victims, with their legs seriously wounded, were ferried across the Whangpoo from Pootung shortly after the attack and taken to the Settlement. They were conveyed by ambulance to the Lester Chinese Hospital.

At 10.30 o'clock yesterday morning a Chinese man and a Chinese woman were removed from the vicinity of Great Western and Edinburgh Roads to hospital, suffering from bomb wounds.

Col.-Gen. Hermann Goering received a new decoration to add to his collection when the chief of the Bulgarian Air Force, Col. Boideff, presented him on behalf of the King, with the Bulgarian Aviation Medal set with diamonds.

LABOUR AND CAPITAL DISPUTES

"Sanity and Reason" Urged by U.S. President

Block Island, R.I., Sept. 4.

President Roosevelt, in his Labour Day declaration, to-day asked the people to maintain an attitude of "sanity and reason" toward capital and labour disputes and to work toward conferences to replace strikes.

Although newspapers containing copies of the speech made yesterday by the chairman of the Committee for Industrial Organization, Mr. John L. Lewis, in which he launched a thinly veiled attack on the President, were put aboard the President's vessel, he made no changes in his prepared statement.

The President also declared that Federal machinery should be perfected to adjust capital and labour disputes and that the country is faced with an "urgent need to insure all workers a living wage for a fair day's work."—United Press.

Huge C.I.O. Memberships

Washington, Sept. 4.

The new organization drives of the Committee for Industrial Organization and the American Federation of Labour will finish the fight for the control of the labour movement, according to Labour Day statements issued to-day by Mr. John L. Lewis, chairman of the C.I.O., and Mr. William Green, president of the A.F.O.L. These were the first Labour Day speeches since members of the C.I.O. were ousted from the A.F.O.L.

Both Mr. Lewis and Mr. Green predicted continued successes. Mr. Lewis claimed 3,718,000 members, which is slightly above the official A.F.O.L. list. Mr. Green declared that the A.F.O.L.'s membership had increased by nearly 750,000 since last Labour Day.—United Press.

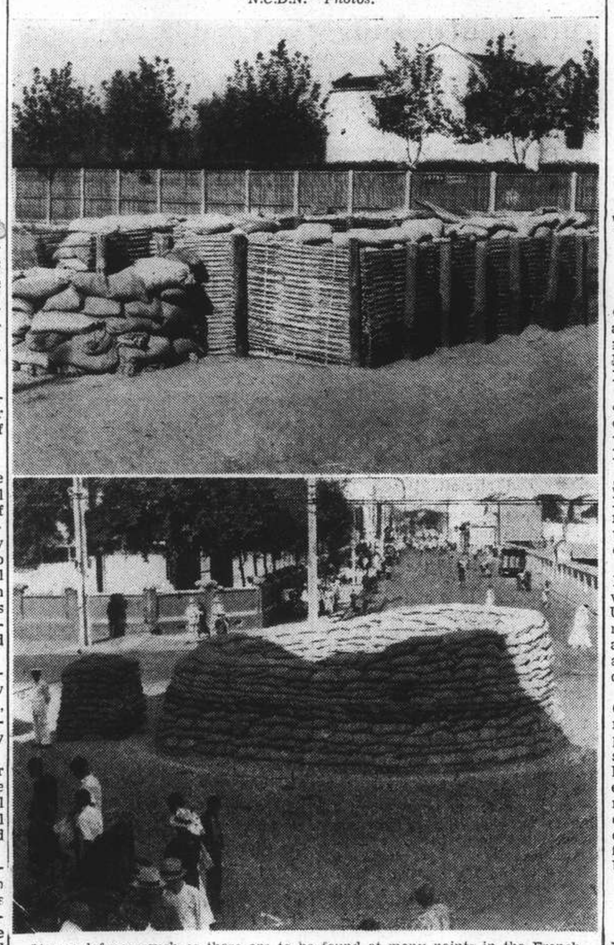
SOVIET DENIAL OF FLEET MOVEMENT

Moscow, Sept. 5.

Authoritative circles declared today that there is no foundation to the rumours which have been spread in foreign countries to the effect that the Soviet Government intended to send a fleet from the Black Sea to the Mediterranean for the protection of shipping in that area.—Havas.

CONCESSION RINGED WITH DEFENCES

"N.C.D.N." Photos.



Strong defences such as these are to be found at many points in the French Concession where the authorities have not been slow in preparing for emergencies.

50 PERSONS DEAD IN EARLY MORNING BOMBING

Japanese Planes Attack Jessfield: Western District Shaken by Explosions

A toll of 50 civilians killed and a further 100 injured was exacted by a squadron of about 20 Japanese planes which rained bombs in the Jessfield Area early yesterday morning. The bombing took place at Pei-hsin-ching Village, to the west of Rubicon Road and south of Soochow Creek, and in the Chowkachiao district, part of which was reduced to ruins. About 7.30 a.m., the bombers swooped down on these two points, and dropped their "eggs" for the space of 20 minutes. It was reported that all those killed were civilians, many being refugees. No Chinese soldiers were killed or injured, Chinese sources state.

The detonations of the bombing were so terrific that buildings in the Brenan and Jessfield area were shaken. Many residents in the western district, even in the French Concession, were awakened by the loud explosions.

Shortly after the raid, charity workers, Boy Scouts, and police all rushed to the scene to rescue the wounded. The destruction covered a wide area, and up to a late hour yesterday afternoon, scores were still busily engaged in extricating bodies pinned under debris.

Casualties ascertained up to 4 p.m. were: (at Pei-hsin-ching district) 24 civilians, including women and children, killed, 30 received serious injuries, and about 100 were slightly injured; six Chinese policemen in the village were killed and eight others wounded. (At Chowkachiao district): eighteen civilians and one policeman were killed.

Wide Area Bombed

Scores of the wounded were brought into the Settlement and the French Concession, where they were detained in hospitals. Two of the seven wounded lying at the Red Cross Hospital in Avenue Haig succumbed to injuries in the afternoon.

Flying over Pei-hsin-ching village, a total of thirteen Japanese planes, divided into four groups, created havoc amid a terror-stricken populace. Smoke and dust shot up, houses, almost every one of which was of the one-storey country style, were shattered, and refugees ran in all directions as bombs in fours scattered in the village over a wide area.

Simultaneously another fleet of seven Japanese aeroplanes flew over Chowkachiao in the Jessfield district and dropped about a dozen bombs, reducing beggar huts perched on the river banks into shambles, in addition to destroying a fully-loaded ferry boat in the Soochow Creek, two stone-powder factories and a lumber yard.

One of the bombs found its mark on a row of three houses of poor construction at the Chenkadoo ferry. Five civilians, mangled beyond recognition, were found lying several yards away from the debris. The number of people buried in the ruins could not be ascertained.

Shrapnel killed a Chinese woman while she was washing clothes on a plank at the edge of the river bank. With her feet dangling in water, she lay still on the plank, her face being badly mutilated. On the opposite side of the shore, the body of a Chinese, apparently a refugee, was found still clinging to a bundle of luggage.

In Pei-hsin-ching village, two rows of Chinese houses and shops close to a small stone bridge were destroyed. No less than eight bombs were dropped on them, filling a narrow street of about three feet wide, with masonry and debris. Altogether 29 houses were counted to have been destroyed or burned down. It was not known how many had been buried underneath, up to yesterday afternoon. Most of the houses on the main road remain intact, although all window panes were shattered.

Although the tea market, where only a few persons were present, was struck by a bomb, the general food market, which is a short distance away, escaped destruction.

Ferry Boat Hit

The Shing Chong and Wan Ho stone-powder factories in the Brenan Road area were severely damaged by bombs. One of the missiles also found its mark in the Far Eastern lumber yard, killing one civilian. A Chinese policeman posted outside the yard was also killed.

Carrying a load of seventeen passengers, a ferry boat while crossing the Soochow Creek in the vicinity of Chenkatu, was blown to bits. All the seventeen persons were killed outright. A small group of refugees waiting for another ferry boat were badly wounded.

Shortly after the raid, every available fireman and policeman, together with those who had received civic training, were summoned to the scenes of terror to rescue the wounded. Chinese boy scouts also visited the area to help in the work.

Two of those injured in the bombing, both women, were interviewed in the Chinese Red Cross Hospital, Avenue Haig, by a "North-China Daily News" representative yesterday afternoon. They were lying heavily bandaged in a big ward together with other victims of the local hostilities, which have caused so many deaths and injuries to non-combatants, both Chinese and foreign.

One of the victims of the latest outrage was an aged Chinese woman, an inhabitant of Pei-hsin-ching Village, who had set out to buy some congee when the Japanese raiders appeared overhead and dropped their missiles of death. A large number of refugees, she explained, were huddled together beneath the overhanging eaves of houses in the village. They had no means of protecting themselves from the hail of bombs which burst on top of them and all around them. The other victim, also an inhabitant of the village, had a similar story to tell.

Although the majority of the wounded were cared for by the Chinese authorities, the incident having taken place in Chinese territory, a number were conveyed to the Chinese Red Cross Hospital, Avenue Haig, in Settlement ambulances, and to St. Luke's Hospital.

Most of the bombs dropped well clear of the British defence line along the Shanghai-Nanking Railway, the nearest exploding 500 yards beyond the boundary. For the most part, the bombing was at least two miles away from where the British troops were holding the line.

Chinese Crew Desert Japanese Ship

Port Angeles, Wash., Sept. 4.

Thirty-one Chinese seamen, comprising the entire crew of the Japanese freighter China Exporter, deserted to-day "rather than serve the Japanese." An Immigration inspector in Seattle is bringing the deserters to Seattle, where they will be detained pending possible deportation.—Reuter.

DESTRUCTION OF TUNG CHI UNIVERSITY

Shanghai, Sept. 5.

Concerning the destruction of the National Tung Chi University at Woosung by Japanese forces, the University authorities had released the following statement to-day:

"Since the beginning of hostilities at Shanghai, there have never been Chinese soldiers stationed in Tung Chi University, nor has any use been made of the campus for any military purpose whatsoever. The destruction of Tung Chi University is part and parcel of the Japanese Army's policy of destroying all Chinese cultural institutions."—Central News.

Diplomats Will Attend German Nazi Conference

Interest Shown in Herr Hitler's Proposal

THREE POWER TALKS TO PRESERVE PEACE

Washington, Sept. 4.

That there was official interest in Chancellor Adolf Hitler's proposal for an Anglo-American-German agreement to maintain peace was indicated here to-day by the Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull.

The Hitler proposal appeared in excerpts of letters from the Chancellor to Vicount Rothermere, which were printed in the London "Daily Mail" on Saturday.

Mr. Hull stated that the United States Chargé d'Affaires in Berlin, Prentiss Gilbert, would attend the next National Socialist convention at the invitation of the German government.

Apparently replying to criticism of Mr. Gilbert's acceptance of the invitation, Mr. Hull declared that the United States, in complete diplomatic relations with Germany had received an official invitation and that virtually all other countries were participating.

Commenting on the reports that German officials had contended Germans abroad should be allowed to participate in Nazi activities, Mr. Hull stated the Department of State had heard nothing of these reports. However, he called attention to the naturalization oath in which foreigners who become American citizens declare that they renounce foreign fidelity and swear to support the United States.—United Press.

Objections Overruled

Washington, Sept. 4.

The Secretary of State, Mr. Cordell Hull, announced to-day that the objections of the American Ambassador in Berlin, Mr. W. E. Dodd, to American official representation at the Nazi Party Congress in Nuremberg, had been overruled.—Reuter.

Diplomats to Attend

Berlin, Sept. 4.

As previously reported, almost the entire diplomatic corps will attend this year's National Socialist party congress at Nuremberg. The complete list of the heads of diplomatic missions who have accepted the invitation to attend the congress as personal guests of Chancellor Hitler has now been published.

Those present will include the Ambassadors of Britain, France, Turkey, Poland, Italy, Chile, China, Spain, Brazil, Japan and the Argentine; the Ministers of Denmark, Egypt, Rumania, Switzerland, Austria, Greece, the Irish Free State, Finland, Portugal, Colombia, Uruguay, Haiti, Cuba, Iraq, Latvia, Siam, Yugoslavia, Hungary, Belgium, Nicaragua, the Dominican Republic, Venezuela, Bolivia, Panama, Sweden, Holland, Bulgaria, Guatemala and Mexico; the Chargés d'Affaires of the United States, Lithuania, Afghanistan, Czechoslovakia, Iran, Luxembourg and the Union of South Africa.

Two special trains will be put at the disposal of the diplomats who will arrive at Nuremberg on Monday. Their programme provides for several excursions including a trip to the Black Forest. The trains will return to Berlin on September 14. The foreign diplomats are being accompanied by high German officials, including the Chief of Protocol and Minister, Herr Vicco von Buelow-Schwante.—Trans-Ocean.

PROMINENT ARAB IS ASSASSINATED

Four Victims in Bombing of Vehicle

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

Haifa, Sept. 5.

Ibrahim Bey Khalil, wealthy Arab and a member of the National Defence Party, succumbed to-day to the injuries he received yesterday morning, when an attempt was made to assassinate him.—Reuter.

Bomb Thrown

Jerusalem, Sept. 4.

A bomb was thrown here to-day at an omnibus conveying Arab passengers, resulting in one Arab woman being killed and two Arabs and one British policeman being seriously injured. The perpetrators of the outrage have not been traced yet.

Trans-Jordan Delegation

Jerusalem, Sept. 4.

Emir Abdullah of Trans-Jordania intends to send a delegation of eight members to Geneva according to despatches received here from Ammam which add that the delegates will have the task of supporting the cause of the Palestine Arabs jointly with the delegations from Syria and the Iraq.—Trans-Ocean.

CARGO DIRECT FROM THE MIDLANDS TO ANTWERP

Co-ordination of Canal Barge Services Arranged

London, Sept. 4.

Weekly sailings have been arranged of ships between London and Antwerp, by which, in conjunction with canal barge services, cargoes will be carried to and from Midland cities in England almost entirely by water.

The canal journey from London to Birmingham takes about fifty hours, travelling day and night.

It is expected that cargo from Antwerp would take about four days to reach Nottingham or Birmingham, including a day spent in transferring goods at London from ship to lighters.—Wireless through Reuter.

NORWEGIAN SEAMEN WIN DANGER MONEY

Baltimore, Sept. 4.

Seamen of the Norwegian vessels Ronda and Fernwood were to-day granted a $250 bonus each preparatory to sailing for the Far East.

Members of the Ronda's crew had precipitated a dispute on the grounds that they should be permitted to leave the vessel instead of entering the war zone.—Reuter.

Photo by Dr. N. Eskelund

THE WAGES OF TREACHERY

In these two cages are the heads of two executed Chinese traitors on display on Ming Kuo Road, West Gate, Nantao.

SECURITY IN MEDITERRANEAN SOUGHT BY POWERS

France Proposes Conference: Spanish Insurgents Resent No Receipt of Invitation

London, Sept. 5.

WIDESPREAD interest has been aroused by the announcement that at the conference of Mediterranean Powers important proposals will be put forward by the British Government.

The time and place of the conference, which is being summoned on the initiative of France, have not yet been fixed, but in London strong hopes are expressed that it may be begun as soon as possible after the arrival in Geneva of the delegates who will be attending the League meetings.

The League Council meeting is convened for September 10, and the Assembly opens in the following week.

The conference will be confined to Mediterranean states which, by their geographical position, are able to give direct and immediate co-operation, including Turkey, Greece, Yugoslavia, Italy, France and Britain.

So far as the British Government is concerned, all their energies will be directed towards ensuring the adoption of carefully-devised practical measures that will afford security for Mediterranean traffic. It is hoped and believed here that those taking part in the conference will share the British Government's view that it is future security, rather than discussion of past events, that must be the main occupation of the conference.

Public opinion in Britain had become highly incensed by the course of recent events in the Mediterranean, but the steps already taken, namely, the sending of British reinforcements to the western basin of the Mediterranean and the Government's announcement regarding the conference, have had a steadying effect.—Wireless Through Reuter.

Insurgent Not Invited

Salamanca, Sept. 4.

Nationalist officials to-day sharply criticized the failure of Great Britain and France to invite representatives of the Salamanca government to the meeting of Mediterranean Powers to take place at Geneva this week, to discuss submarine attacks on vessels in the Mediterranean.—United Press.

Blame for Attack on Warship

Salamanca, Sept. 5.

In connection with the recent submarine attack on the British destroyer Havock, official circles here state that it is not the first time that, on the eve of an international reprochement, Reds have tried by the most condemnable methods to inflame the international atmosphere, and declare that "we consider the attack on the British destroyer as a new attempt of the vanquished enemy, desperately endeavouring to extend the area of the conflict."—Havas.

Joint Action Sought

Washington, Sept. 5.

An editorial in yesterday's "Washington Post" recalls that London had originally looked upon the French propositions in connection with the Mediterranean question with scepticism, but had changed its attitude after the attack on H.M.S. Havock and the torpedoeing of the Woodford.

"This change may have remote consequences. It shows that England has realized that the action of only one nation is not sufficient to divert the threats of piracy in the Mediterranean. It may be expected that England will revert to the policy of joint action," the "Washington Post" concluded.—Havas.

Spanish Submarine Damaged

Paris, Sept. 4.

The Spanish Republican submarine "C 4" which had sought refuge in a considerably damaged condition in the French port of Le Verdon in order to carry out repairs after having obtained permission from the French government, was still lying in the roadsteads this afternoon. The damage on the upper part of the hull was clearly visible from the pier.

The submarine commander now states that while cruising on the surface off Gijon the submarine had been attacked by an insurgent aeroplane. A bomb had exploded near the submarine and caused the damage now visible.—Trans-Ocean.

INFANT FEEDING IN REFUGEE CAMPS

Appeal For Milk Supplies and Medicines

Many of the mothers in the refugee camps have not enough breast milk to feed infants. This has been brought about by their desperate flight from the war zones and the state of fear and terror they have been subjected to. The matter of infant feeding in camps is of the utmost importance to preserve the helpless infants' health and growth.

It is hoped that this appeal will reach those who are in a position to provide relief in this problem. One remedy is to provide a free supply of cows' milk from dairies; a second method is to engage a number of milk amahs for the camps; a third method would be the free supply of milk products. Whatever method is available, it would be highly desirable if charitable women's organizations would look after this matter of milk feeding as the strictest care should be taken in respect to the sterilization of milk bottles or feeders, rubber teats, etc. before and after use.

It must be remembered that the artificial feeding of infants is not customary to the large proportion of refugee women from poorer classes. Therefore an appeal is made to Chinese ladies of position and education to organize a relief measure of this nature in refugee camps. A unique opportunity exists for infinite good to be done during this crisis in explaining to women in humble and poor circumstances the principles of child welfare. In a number of camps something has been done by women's organizations and the refugees have benefitted by free issues of milk through the generosity of a certain public spirited dairy farm. However, there are still large numbers of poor mothers who require aid.

Skin eruptions due to eczema and scabies, impetigo and other septic sores are far too prevalent. An appeal is made for a free supply in bulk of cod liver oil, boracic ointment, sulphur ointment, mercurial ointments and mild antiseptic lotions of all kinds.

If any one could donate these things to the refugee camps, much good would be produced. Gifts should be sent either to the Chinese Medical Association, 41 Tsepang Road; International Relief Committee, Chinese Y.M.C.A. Building, 123 Boulevard de Montigny; or to Dr. R. C. Robertson, Medical-Officer-in-charge-Refugee-Problems, Health Department, Shanghai Municipal Council.

B.B.C. BROADCASTING ON 4 WAVE-LENGTHS

Simultaneous Beaming To Six Different Points

London, Sept. 4.

As the result of improvements carried out during the past two years, the B.B.C. short-wave broadcasting station at Daventry is now broadcasting on four wave-lengths simultaneously for eighteen hours daily.

Generally two new high-powered 50 kilowatt transmitters and two of lower power are used at the same time. The third highpower transmitter is being built.

Daventry, by its new system of direction serials, is now beaming simultaneous transmitters to six different points for the greater part of the 24 hours.

As an example of the fuller service offered, it may be stated that programmes radiated from Daventry can be heard in India for a total of from eight to ten hours daily.—Wireless Through Reuter.

SOVIET ACCUSES BRITON OF ESPIONAGE

London, Sept. 4.

A British national by the name of Robert Bell was arrested at Leningrad on the charge of espionage according to a Moscow despatch to the "Daily Telegraph," which states that Bell was arrested in the apartment of a British physician which the GPU had previously searched.

The British Embassy at Moscow has immediately taken energetic steps to ascertain from the Soviet authorities the exact nature of the accusations made against Bell, who until last July had been employed for over seven years by a Leningrad firm of manufacturers of telegraphic and telephonic equipment.

The despatch adds that only a few hours before Bell's arrest ten employees of the same firm were executed after having been convicted of sabotage.—Trans-Ocean.

CZECHOSLOVAKIAN STATE TO BE SUED

Prague, Sept. 4.

It is announced here that Duchess Dorothea Marie of Schleswig-Holstein, the daughter of the late Prince Philip of Coburg and Princess Louise of Belgium, will sue the Czechoslovakian state for the recovery of 133,000,000 Crowns, representing the proportion of her father's estate to which she claims to be legally entitled.

It appears that when the co-heirs of the late Prince Philip sold the latter's domains in Slovakia to the Czechoslovakian state they failed to take the claim of the Duchess into account and subsequently alleged financial inability to meet the claim.

The trial of this case is being anticipated here with great interest. —Trans-Ocean.

JAPANESE NAVY BLOCKS ENTIRE CHINESE COAST

Chinwangtao to Pakhoi is Proscribed Zone

NEW PROCLAMATIONS

Third Powers' Vessels to Move Freely

Effective six o'clock yesterday evening, the entire Chinese coast from Chinwangtao in the north to Pakhoi in the south, was proclaimed closed to Chinese shipping by the commands of the Japanese Second and Third Fleets. Excepted were Tsingtao and "waters belonging to leased territories of third Powers."

The prohibition will apply to all Chinese shipping both Government-owned and private, but vessels of third Powers and of Japan will not be prevented "from entering or leaving the proscribed zone."

These proclamations will supersede that issued on August 25 by Vice-Admiral Kiyoshi Hasegawa, commander-in-chief of the Third Fleet, which barred Chinese maritime traffic along the coast from Shanghai to Swatow.

The proclamations read as follows.

Full Texts

"I hereby announce that, beginning from 6 p.m. of September 5, 1937 Chinese shipping, both Government-owned and private, will be prohibited by the naval forces under my command from entering or leaving Chinese territorial waters extending from 40.00 degrees north latitude and 119.54 degrees east longitude to 34.30 degrees north latitude and 119.55 degrees east longitude, but excepting the port of Tsingtao.

"The present prohibition will be applicable to all Chinese shipping, but will not prevent vessels of third Powers and of Japan from entering or leaving the proscribed zone.

(Signed) "Vice-Admiral Zengo Yoshida, commander-in-chief of the Second Fleet of the Imperial Japanese Navy, on board His Imperial Japanese Majesty's ship Takao."

Third Fleet

"I hereby announce that, beginning from 6 p.m. of September 5, 1937, Chinese shipping, both Government-owned and private, will be prohibited by the naval forces under my command from entering or leaving Chinese territorial waters extending from 34.30 degrees north latitute and 119.50 degrees east longitude to 21.33 degrees north latitude and 108.03 degrees east longitude, but excepting the waters belonging to leased territories of third Powers.

"The present prohibition will apply to all Chinese shipping, but vessels of third Powers and of Japan will not be prevented from entering into or exitting from the proscribed zone.

"The present proclamation will replace the previous one issued by me on August 25, 1937.

(Signed) "Vice-Admiral Kiyoshi Hasegawa, commander-in-chief of the Third Fleet of the Imperial Japanese Navy, on board His Imperial Japanese Majesty's ship Idzumo."

King And Queen To Visit Yorkshire

London, Sept. 4.

It is officially announced that the King and Queen will visit Yorkshire on October 19, when they will be guests of the Princess Royal and Lord Harewood at Harewood House. During the following two days they will visit industrial centres—Bradford, Halifax, Leeds, Wakefield and Sheffield. — Wireless through Reuter.

FOREIGN SHIPS MAY BE HAILED

Japanese To Establish Their Identity

Foreign merchantmen, especially those bearing Chinese names, may be hailed by Japanese men-of-war to ascertain their identity, a spokesman for the Japanese Embassy announced yesterday afternoon.

This contingency, he said, would arise as a result of the possibility that Chinese ships would attempt to run the Japanese blockade "camouflaged as foreign ships."

The spokesman expressed the hope that foreign shipowners would communicate to the Japanese naval or consular authorities the movement of their vessels in and out of China ports, except Tsingtao.

MUSSOLINI GREETS SPANISH FASCISTS

Marshal Badoglio Also to Visit Germany

Rome, Sept. 4.

Five hundred Spanish boys and girls were among the 8,000 young Italian Fascists from abroad whom Signor Mussolini reviewed to-day.

They are members of the Spanish Fascist organization known as Falange, who are camping near Rome and learning the doctrines of Fascism from its source.

Meanwhile, it is announced that Marshal Badoglio, who led the Italian legions to victory in Abyssinia, and General Russo, Chief of Staff of the Fascist militia, will accompany Il Duce when the latter visits Herr Hitler in a couple of weeks' time.

The visit is not expected to produce any new agreements.

According to Signor Gayda, Signor Mussolini's mouthpiece, Italy is not faced with the problem of having to choose between a pro-British and a pro-German policy.—Reuter.

MORE RECRUITS FOR BRITISH ARMY

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Sept. 5.

The War Office announces that the total of recruits taken in since April 1 is 9,599 compared with 8,547 for the corresponding period of 1936.—Reuter.

Hall's Third S'hai Lawn Bowls Singles Title

RETAINS CHAMPIONSHIP WITH DEFEAT OF C. W. GLOVER

Junior G. C. Player's Third Success in Seven Years: Score Read 21-12 on Recs' Green

A. J. HALL, of the Junior Golf Club, retained his singles title, yesterday afternoon, when he beat C. W. Glover, S.L.B.C., by 21 shots to 12 on the Recs green, in the final of the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Association singles championship. Hall who was runner-up to R. C. Aitkenhead in 1929, won the title in the following year and was again successful last year. The fight for the title this year was expected to be a dour struggle, as both players are well known fighters, with Hall slightly the more experienced player of the two, and always a hard man to beat.

This proved to be the case in yesterday's match. The green which was exceptionally fast, with a big swing at either end, which necessitated both players taking a lot of green to get the jack, made the bowling very tricky.

This proved Glover's downfall, for with the exception of a spell towards the end of the match, when he bowled well, taking five ends in a row, he found the green too tricky and never really settled down to his game.

Hall's Consistency

Hall on the other hand bowled very consistently right up to the fourteenth end, by which time he had established a winning lead of 19-7 and the match looked as good as won. The final stages of the game resulted in a rare struggle between the two. Glover who had begun to get the green better, was placing his shots really well, taking the next five ends with singles.

It was at this stage of the match that Hall's experience and fighting spirit showed to good purpose, for although Glover was piling up counters at each end, Hall always managed to save the situation and hold him down to singles.

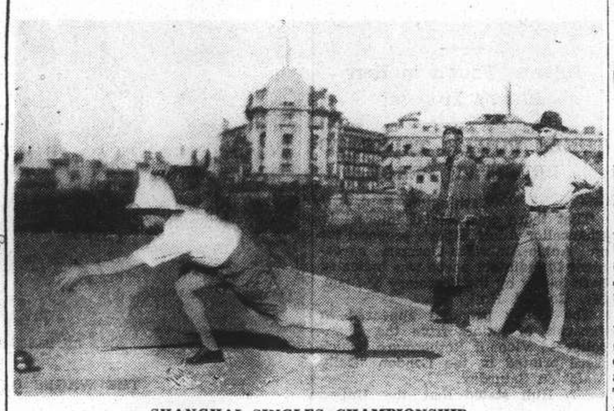
The match finished at the 20th end, when Hall packed the jack with three woods, two of which were certain counters and Glover failed to save.

A very fair sized crowd witnessed the match and although the majority of the ends were very open, under the tricky condition of the green, the bowling was better than it appeared and Hall thoroughly deserved his win.

Scoreboard

A. J. HALL *v.* C. W. GLOVER

		Ends		
2	2	1	—	—
1	3	2	—	—
2	5	3	—	—
—	5	4	3	3
1	6	5	—	3
—	6	6	2	5
—	6	7	1	6
4	10	8	—	6
1	11	9	—	6
1	12	10	—	6
—	12	11	1	7
3	15	12	—	7
1	16	13	—	7
3	19	14	—	7
—	19	15	1	8
—	19	16	1	9
—	19	17	1	10
—	19	18	1	11
—	19	19	1	12
2	21	20	—	12



SHANGHAI SINGLES CHAMPIONSHIP

A. J. Hall (standing) won the Shanghai Lawn Bowls Association singles Championship for the third time yesterday. The runner-up, C. W. Glover, is seen delivering his wood. A good crowd watched the final on the Recs' green.

MORAL VICTORY FOR BOOTH'S SIDE

Yesterday's Cricket Club Match Is Drawn

CLOCK ROBS LECKIE OF CENTURY

Yesterday afforded several members of the Volunteer Corps an opportunity to don "mufti" for their week-end cricket match and the majority of those taking part in the match on the Cricket Club ground were members of the S.V.C.

The game itself produced an unsatisfactory result in that a draw was recorded, the quick fading autumn evening necessitating the drawing of stumps almost an hour earlier than has been necessary during the middle of summer. R. Booth's XI had first knock and put on 193 for the loss of 4 wickets (declared), leaving their opponents a bare hour and a half to get these runs. D. W. Leach's side could not achieve this in that time, but got 150 runs for the loss of 7 wickets before stumps were drawn.

Leckie Unlucky

John Leckie was unfortunate in not being able to get his century in his return to batting form. When the clock indicated that a sporting declaration had to be made Leckie had scored 90. His skipper had kept the innings on as long as possible. For the opposition, F. R. L. Carey showed up particularly well and scored a well earned 52 runs in a good innings, going in as opening batsman and playing his innings well. Time proved the deciding factor and the innings was brought short when the early twilight made it necessary to draw stumps.

Of the day's bowlers, Arnhold Graham took 3 wickets for 16 runs being put on towards the end of the match, while on the other side D. W. Leach took 2 wickets for 28 runs in 13 overs.

Scores:—

R. BOOTH'S XI

E. H. Anstice, b. Leach	27
J. D. Sayle, b. Lingard	11
R. F. Scott, b. Leach	9
J. B. H. Leckie, not out	90
R. Booth, c. Orr, b. Lingard	27
H. J. M. Cook, not out	11
Extras	18
Total for 4 wickets (decl.)	193

A. Graham, G. J. Read, R. Laird, J. C. Lucas, W. H. Lydall, did not bat.

Fall of wickets: 1-28 (Sayle), 2-53 (Scott), 3-70 (Anstice), 4-18 (Booth).

Bowling Analysis:	O.	M.	R.	W.
A. Lingard	10	0	44	2
F. R. L. Carey	5	1	16	1
H. E. Orr	9	1	37	0
D. W. Leach	13	5	28	2
G. J. P. Carey	3	0	20	0
W. V. K. Chadwick	2	0	17	0
L. G. Day	2	0	13	0

D. W. LEACH'S XI

R. A. Joscelyne, b. Booth	23
F. R. L. Carey, st. Lydall, b. Cook	52
L. G. Day, st. Lydall, b. Read	10
P. J. Hart, c. Lucas, b. Graham	17
F. Marshall, not out	27
H. O. Bramble, c. Read, b. Scott	2
H. E. Orr, c. Laird, b. Graham	17
A. Lingard, b. Graham	0
Extras	4
Total for 7 wickets	150

W. V. K. Chadwick, G. J. P. Carey, D. W. Leach, did not bat.

Fall of wickets: 1-37 (Joscelyne), 2-65 (Day), 3-101 (F. Carey), 4-110 (Hart), 5-117 (Bramble), 6-150 (Orr), 7-150 (Lingard).

Bowling Analysis:	O.	M.	R.	W.
J. C. Lucas	6	2	13	0
G. J. Read	7	0	26	1
R. Booth	6	0	21	1
J. B. H. Leckie	3	0	16	0
E. H. Anstice	3	0	12	0
H. J. M. Cook	3	0	13	1
A. Graham	3	0	16	3
R. F. Scott	3	0	29	1

NEW CRICKET RECORD BY JAMES PARKS

3,000 Runs, 100 Wickets in One Season

London, Sept. 4.

Playing in his last first-class match of the year, Jim Parks, the Sussex all-rounder, made fresh cricket history to-day by being the first player to complete 3,000 runs and 100 wickets in a season.

The previous best performance was given 61 years ago by W. G. Grace, who reached 2,622 runs and took 129 wickets in 1875.

Parks, whose brilliant form was one of the reasons for Sussex's high position this year, seized his opportunity while playing for the Over 30's against the Under 30's at Folkestone. He required 60 to gain the coveted record and, after keeping the crowd in suspense, he reached this figure, but the applause had hardly died down when he was out with 61 to his credit.

With Sussex 14 Years

Parks, aged 34, started his cricket career with the Haywards Heath Club. He joined the Sussex ground staff in 1923, and the following year was summoned at the last minute to assist the county at the Oval.

His younger brother, Henry Parks, also plays for Sussex. Details of to-day's games:

At GAINSBOROUGH—Minor Counties 310; New Zealanders 19 for one.

At FOLKESTONE—Over 30, 530 (Ames 149, Jim Parks 61); Under 30, four without loss.

At SCARBOROUGH—Mr. H. D. G. Leveson Gower's XI, 433 for eight against M.C.C. Australian team.—Reuter.

Whitlock Wins London-Brighton Again

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Sept. 4.

Whitlock won the London to Brighton walk to-day for the fourth time in succession.

His time was 8 hr. 2 min. 36 sec.

Cummings, coloured champion walker from British Guiana, who travelled 4,000 miles to take part, retired after 20 miles.—Reuter.

HOMESIDE FOOTBALL RESULTS

London, Sept. 4.

Following are the results of the League Soccer matches played to-day:—

English League

FIRST DIVISION

Arsenal 5, Wolverhampton W. 0
Birmingham 2, Portsmouth 2
Blackpool 1, Everton 0
Brentford 2, Huddersfield Town 0
Derby County 2, Sunderland 2
Grimsby Town 0, Bolton W. 1
Leeds United 0, Preston North End 0
Liverpool 1, Charlton Athletic 2
Manchester City 3, Leicester City 0
Middlesbrough 2, Stoke City 1
West Bromwich A. 4, Chelsea 0

SECOND DIVISION

Barnsley 2, Stockport C. 0
Blackburn Rovers 5, Norwich 3
Bury 2, Plymouth A. 0
Coventry C. 1, Burnley 0
Fulham 1, Chesterfield 1
Luton Town 1, Manchester U. 0
Newcastle U. 6, Sheffield U. 0
Nottingham F. 3, Tottenham H. 1
Sheffield W. 1, Swansea Town 1
Southampton 0, Aston Villa 0
West Ham U. 3, Bradford 1

THIRD DIVISION (SOUTH)

Aldershot 0, Notts County 1
Bournemouth 1, Queen's Park R. 1
Brighton & Hove 1, Reading 1
Bristol Rovers 0, Mansfield Town 0
Cardiff City 5, Southend U. 0
Exeter City 3, Bristol City 2
Gillingham 0, Watford 0
Millwall 2, Crystal Palace 2
Northampton Town 0, Torquay United 3
Swindon Town 3, Newport County 2
Walsall 2, Clapton Orient 0

THIRD DIVISION (NORTH)

Barrow 1, Gateshead 3
Bradford City 3, Rochdale 1
Carlisle United 0, Lincoln City 1
Crewe Alexandra 0, Oldham Athletic 1
Halifax Town 1, Accrington Stanley 2
Hartlepools U. 2, Hull City 2
Port Vale 1, Darlington 0
Southport 1, Doncaster Rovers 3
Tranmere Rovers 0, Chester 0
Wrexham 0, New Brighton 1
York City 4, Rotherham U. 1

Scottish League

FIRST DIVISION

Ayr United 3, Clyde 3
Celtic 4, Hamilton Acas. 2
Dundee 4, Queen of South 1
Falkirk 4, Hearts 2
Hibernian 1, Kilmarnock 1
Motherwell 1, Rangers 1
Partick Thistle 0, Arbroath 0
St. Johnstone 3, Morton 2
St. Mirren 4, Queen's Park 1
Third Lanark 2, Aberdeen 0

SECOND DIVISION

Albion Rovers 4, Cowdenbeath 3
Alloa 2, Stenhousemuir 5
Dumbarton 5, Dundee United 1
Dunfermline A. 3, E. Stirling 1
Edinburgh City 3, East Fife 3
King's Park 2, Brechin City 1
Montrose 1, Leith Athletic 3
Raith Rovers 2, Airdrieonians 0
St. Bernards 0, Forfar Athletic 1
—Reuter.

ENGLISH T.T. WON BY COMOTTI

Siamese Prince Third After Narrow Escape

London, Sept. 4.

The International Tourist Trophy race, run for the first time in England to-day, was won by Comotti on a French Darracq car.

He completed the extended course of 100 laps, or a total of 312½ miles, at Donnington Park, Derbyshire, in 4 hr 35 min. 27 sec. with an average speed of 68.7 miles an hour.

Lebegue, also in a Darracq, finished second, his time being 4 hr. 39 min. 40 sec. and his speed 67.6 miles an hour, while Prince Birabongse, of Siam, took third place in a German Frazer-Nash B.M.W. He took 4 hr. 41 mins. 1 sec., giving him an average speed of 66.1 miles an hour.

The Hairpin Bend

There were many breathless moments at the steep dip to the new hairpin bend.

Prince Birabongse, racing under his usual pseudonym of Bira, had a narrow escape when he just managed to scrape past Gee, who had broadsided on the grass.

Laird and Martin, another two competitors, lost their wheels, but managed to remain upright.

The International Tourist Trophy race was inaugurated in 1905, and from that date, with the exception of the war years, was held in the Isle of Man until 1922.

The new series of races started in 1928, and were held in Ulster until last year. Then came the tragedy of Newtownards, when a car left the road and killed and injured a number of people.

As a result the County Down Council, by a big majority, decided not to let the T. T. race be run again over the Ards circuit. The R.A.C. organisers of the race had to look for a new circuit, and they finally decided on Donnington Park.—Reuter.

AMERICAN BASEBALL RESULTS

New York, Sept. 4.

Following are the results and standings of National and American League matches played to-day:—

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	R.	H.	E.
New York	3	8	0
Bartell homered			
Brooklyn	0	6	0
(Hubbell pitched)			
Philadelphia	6	12	0
Boston	8	11	1
Cuccinello homered			

AMERICAN LEAGUE

St. Louis	1	12	0
Cleveland	5	11	0
Averill homered			
St. Louis	3	8	1
Cleveland	3	4	2
Called in the 6th owing to darknes			
Detroit	1	6	1
Chicago	9	16	2
Boston	5	9	3
Philadelphia	4	10	4
Cronin homered 10 innings			
Boston	4	7	2
Philadelphia	10	11	2
Werber and Johnson homered			
Washington	0	6	0
New York	6	7	0

NATIONAL LEAGUE

	Won	Lost	Pct
New York	73	47	.608
Chicago	73	48	.603
St. Louis	64	57	.529
Pittsburgh	62	59	.512
Boston	61	62	.496
Philadelphia	53	70	.431
Brooklyn	51	70	.421
Cincinnati	48	70	.407

AMERICAN LEAGUE

New York	81	40	.669
Detroit	72	50	.590
Chicago	71	55	.563
Boston	66	54	.550
Cleveland	62	57	.521
Washington	56	62	.475
Philadelphia	39	81	.325
St. Louis	37	84	.306

—Reuter.

RUGBY UNION MATCH RESULTS

SPECIAL TO THE "N.C.D.N."

London, Sept. 4.

The following are the results of Rugby Union matches played to-day:

Cardiff 21, Cross Keys 3
Coventry 12, Bridgend 8
Headingley 5, Northampton 6
Leicester 12, Bedford 18
Newport 24, Pill Harriers 9
Neath 6, Skewen 3
Plymouth Albion 24, Teignmouth 0
Torquay Athletic 13, Redruth 5
—Reuter.

LI CHI-SEN COMES BACK TO THE FOLD

Canton, Sept. 5.

Sinking all political differences previously entertained against Nanking, General Li Chi-sen, chairman of the abortive "People's Government" in Fukien in 1933, arrived here yesterday from his home in Kwangsi.

Interviewed after his arrival, General Li expressed the desire to discharge his duties as a private citizen to help the National Government in resisting foreign aggression.—Central News.

SPRINGBOKS BEAT THE MAORIS

Second Rugger Test in N.Z. Seen by 42,000

Christchurch, N.Z., Sept. 4.

South Africa won the second Rugger Test against New Zealand to-day by 13 points to six. At half time the home team led by six points to nil.

Sullivan scored two unconverted tries for New Zealand in the first half, but in a spirited rally upon resumption the New Zealanders went ahead through Turner and Bastard, whose tries were converted by Brand, who himself later kicked a penalty goal.

A crowd of 42,000 watched the game, which was played in fine and overcast weather and on a soft ground.

New Zealand led until the last ten minutes, after which the South Africans' powerful forwards took command of the scrums.—Reuter.

BRAZIL TROUBLED BY GERMAN NAZIS

Newspapers Demand Urgent Safeguarding Measures

Rio de Jeneiro, Sept. 4.

The Brazilian newspapers are demanding that urgent measures be taken against the activities of German National-Socialists in Brazil.

They avow that it is the duty of the Government to prevent any diminution of national sovereignty which, they state, is threatened by the political organization of foreigners.

The two southernmost states in Brazil contain large German settlements, which maintain close contact with the Fatherland, and German is the only language understood in some districts.

Recently, a Nazi representative was sent to Brazil with full powers.—Reuter.

U.S. AND PHILIPPINE TRADE IMPROVEMENT

Washington, Sept. 4.

Exports and imports between the United States and the Philippine Islands showed an increase for the first six months of 1937 over a similar period in 1936, according to a report issued here to-day by the Department of Commerce.

Imports from the Philippines for the first six months of 1937 totalled $61,962,000 as compared with $53,938,000 for the first six months of 1936. United States exports to the Philippines were $41,503,000 as compared with $29,269,000.

During the month of June, United States imports from the Philippines were $11,331,000 as compared with $10,464,000 during June, 1936. Exports in June, 1937, were $6,945,000 as compared with $4,746,000 for June, 1936.—United Press.

SOVIET DENIES LANDING ON USSURI BANK

Moscow, Sept. 5.

"It is a new, malevolent and provocative invention without any foundation." Soviet authorities thus described the report from Japanese sources that two Soviet gunboats had landed 35 soldiers on the Manchurian bank of the Ussuri river near Julin, and that several inhabitants of that town were taken prisoners by the soldiers.—Havas.

INTERNATIONAL LEVANT FAIR OPENS

Bari, Sept. 4.

The Eighth International Levant Fair was opened here to-day by the Crown Prince of Italy in the presence of the Minister of Corporations and representatives of the Fascist party, the Senate and the Chamber.

The goods exhibited include displays from firms of about twenty different nations, the participation being larger than last year.—Trans-Ocean.

KIDNAPPED MARISTS ARE RELEASED

Peiping, Sept. 4.

Some of the Catholic priests and lay brothers of the Marist Order who were kidnapped by bandits as the result of an attack on their convent near Peiping last month, have now been liberated after intervention by the French Embassy, although ten of them are still in captivity.

According to the released men the convent was attacked by a band of from 150 to 200 heavily armed convicts who had escaped from the penal establishment at Peiping.—Trans-Ocean.

SARRON RETAINS WORLD FEATHERWEIGHT TITLE

Johannesburg, Sept. 4.

Petey Sarron retained the world's featherweight title here to-day by outpointing Freddie Miller in a 12-round contest.—Reuter.

FURTHER ADVANCE ON TSINPU LINE

Japanese Claim Capture of Tangkwatung

THREE PLANES ARE DOWN NEAR TOUTIEN

Tientsin, Sept. 5.

Following a bitter ten-hour battle which started early yesterday morning, the Akashiba detachments, launching a concerted drive on the Chinese positions, succeeded in occupying Tangkwatung on the Tientsin-Pukow railway yesterday afternoon, the headquarters of the Japanese Garrison announced here this morning.

Operations began at 6 o'clock yesterday morning, according to the communique, when the Japanese opened fire on the Chinese positions approximately 200 metres away. The Japanese were assisted by both artillery and aircraft.

The Japanese forces, the statement said, were divided into three units, the Suenaga unit advancing in the centre and the Hata and Oka detachments taking the right and left flanks.

Smeared with mud and drenched to the skin as a result of a heavy downpour, the Japanese forces advanced to the moat surrounding the Chinese positions, the statement asserted, adding that the moat was crossed in the face of terrific fire from the Chinese positions.

With ladders especially brought for the purpose, the statement said, the Japanese scaled the first Chinese breastworks and engaged the Chinese in hand-to-hand fighting. As the Japanese forces poured into the Chinese trenches, the announcement added, the Chinese broke and fled in the direction of Machang and Tsing-hsien, both along the Tientsin-Pukow railway.

Tangkwatung, the military statement concluded, was brought under the control of the Japanese forces at four o'clock in the afternoon.—Domei.

Japanese Planes Down

Paoting, Sept. 4.

Three Japanese planes which raided Toutien, south of Lianghsiang, shortly after 11 o'clock this morning in a shower of rain were shot down by Chinese anti-aircraft, according to military reports received here this evening.—Central News.

BOND SALES REACH $60,000,000

On the 5th day of the opening of the sale of the Government's newly announced Liberty Bonds the total reported subscriptions yesterday amounted to slightly over $60,000,000, according to information emanating from the offices of the Committee in charge of the sale of the Bonds.

The first instalment of $100,000,000 of the total amount of $500,000,000, it is confidently expected will be completely subscribed for before the end of this week when measures for launching the second instalment will be announced by the Committee.—Kuo Min.

GERMAN-TURKISH TRADE AGREEMENTS

Berlin, Sept. 4.

A series of trade agreements between Germany and Turkey were reached here to-day following a visit of a Turkish trade delegation to Berlin.

The main object of these new arrangements, it is stated here, is to safeguard for the future the gratifying progress that has been made during the last few years in the exchange of goods between Germany and Turkey.—Trans-Ocean.

ARMS SMUGGLING GANG ARRESTED

Paris, Sept. 4.

An arms smuggling gang believed to be working on behalf of the Valencia government has been traced by the Paris police and four of the smugglers were arrested to-day.

Large quantities of arms including over 200 automatic pistols of large calibre were discovered during domiciliary searches.—Trans-Ocean.

WING ON'S BIG LOSSES FROM BOMBING

The financial loss sustained by the Wing On Company in the bombing incident on August 23 is now estimated at around $600,000, representing damages to goods, shop fronts and windows, says the Chinese press. The losses of the Sincere Company and other stores have not yet been determined.

AMERICAN'S LONG TRIP FOR AUTOGRAPH

An American fresh from Southampton stepped out of the train at Waterloo, hailed a taxi and asked the driver to take him to the film studios where Gracie Fields was working.

The driver told the visitor Gracie was appearing at Blackpool.

"Take me there now," came the order.

Driver and passenger duly arrived at the Blackpool Theatre where Gricie was appearing and the American asked if a package could be taken into Miss Fields for "autographing." It contained gramophone records of her songs.

Gracie autographed them and didn't know until after he had gone that the owner had travelled 3,000 miles to get her signature.

He went straight back to London.

KING PUTS ON WEIGHT ADDS INCH TO CHEST

The King is one of the hardest worked men in Britain. Fears have been expressed that the round of official duties has been heavier than one man could be expected to bear without impairing his health. But the King is thriving on hard work.

Since his accession he has put on weight and his chest measurement has increased by an inch.

Before he went on holiday to Balmoral he was measured for new uniforms for the ranks he has assumed. These are being cut to larger measurements.

BRITISH SOLDIER BURIED

Court of Inquiry Finds Death was Accidental

Private Evans, of the Royal Welch Fusiliers, was buried at the Bubbling Well Cemetery with full military honours yesterday afternoon, following his accidental death through being shot by a comrade on Friday evening. Detachments from the Royal Welch Fusiliers and the Loyal Regiment accompanied the coffin to the cemetery, and a firing party from the Welch Fusiliers paid their last respects at the graveside.

Among the wreaths laid on the grave was one from the officers and men of the Italian naval forces in port. At a military court of inquiry held yesterday at the Japanese School, Kiaochow Road, it was decided that Private Evans' death was accidental. An official statement will be issued by the British military authorities to-day.

PENGPU BOMBED BRIDGE NOT DAMAGED

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT

News from the railroad city of Suchowfu, Kiangsu, states that they are busy preparing for air raids. The rank and file of the people, as well as their leaders are wonderfully united in the common cause. Our correspondent says that he has never seen anything like it, in the past 27 years. The city with a population of about 200,000, is settling down to united community service. The weather is good, rain fall just right and prospects for a good crop fine.

Pengpu was bombed recently, but the big bridge there over the Hwai River, was not damaged and trains are coming through.

The Pope caused surprise when he drove out in the castle grounds in his large American car, which was given him a few years ago by some American Catholics. Until now the Pope has used a German car. It was announced that he had given up the German car because the American one had better springs and was far more comfortable.

ZEISS Featherweight Field Glasses

BOYES, BASSETT, LTD.
215 Nanking Road

You cannot follow the trend of events intelligently without a

MAP OF SHANGHAI

Published by authority of the S.M.C.

Price $2; on cloth $4.50

"NORTH-CHINA DAILY NEWS" OFFICE
17 The Bund Telephone 11055

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BOOKINGS
AEROPLANE RAILWAY STEAMER
17777 180 NANKING ROAD 17779

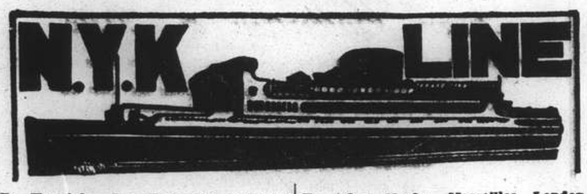
"Be Sure to Send me the Paper!"

This was one of the parting admonitions from family and friends evacuating to Hongkong and Manila. They want to follow Shanghai events day by day. They want more details than you can put into your letters. The paper will be one of the best links between you and those who are anxious to know how things are going with you.

And how about remembering former Shanghailanders wherever they may be, former pals of the S.V.C., comrades of former emergencies? They will appreciate every issue.

Send in your orders to the Circulation Department, "North-China Daily News," 17 The Bund.

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



To Honolulu, San Francisco and Los Angeles, via Kobe and Yokohama
Leave Shanghai

To Vancouver and Seattle
(From Kobe).
HIKAWA MARU ..... Sept. 6
HIYE MARU ..... Sept. 18

To New York, Boston, Philadelphia and Baltimore

To South American (West Coast Ports)
(From Kobe.)

To Kobe and Yokohama

To Nagasaki and Kobe
(Rapid Express Service.)
NAGASAKI MARU ..... Sept. 9
SHANGHAI MARU ..... Sept. 12
NAGASAKI MARU ..... Sept. 16
SHANGHAI MARU ..... Sept. 19

To Aden, Naples, Marseilles, London, Antwerp and Rotterdam via Hongkong, Straits and Colombo
Leave Shanghai

To Hamburg via Port Sudan, Alexandria and Casablanca

To Liverpool

To Bombay

To Hongkong

To Australian Ports via Manila
(From Hongkong)
ATSUTA MARU ..... Sept. 25

To Moji & Kobe

*Freight only

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Tel. 12842
After Office Hours 16885
31 The Bund
General Passenger Agents of Cunard-White Star, Ltd.

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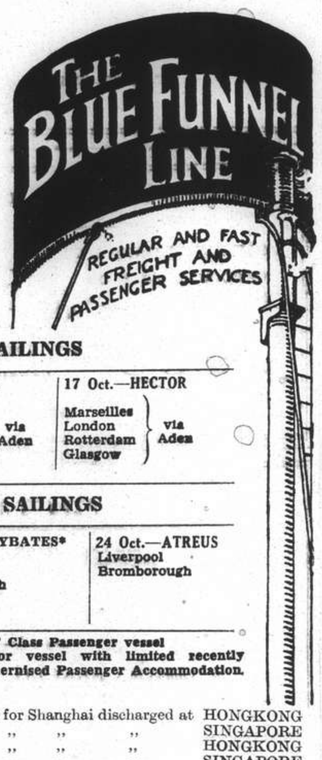
Shanghai to London

Class	Single	Return
A	£88	£154
B	£68	£119
C	£64	£112

Passenger Office
21-23 French Bund

Butterfield & Swire
Agents
Telephone 82020



LONDON SAILINGS

19 Sept.—ANTENOR†		3 Oct.—AJAX		17 Oct.—HECTOR	
Marseilles	via Aden	Marseilles	via Aden	Marseilles	via Aden
London		London		London	
Rotterdam		Rotterdam		Rotterdam	
Glasgow		Hamburg		Glasgow	
		Glasgow			

LIVERPOOL SAILINGS

19 Sept.—TEUCER	5 Oct.—EURYBATES*	24 Oct.—ATREUS
Liverpool	Havre	Liverpool
Bromborough	Liverpool	Bromborough
	Bromborough	
	Glasgow	

*Cargo steamer with limited Passenger Accommodation. † "A" Class Passenger vessel ‡ Motor vessel with limited recently modernised Passenger Accommodation.

SERVICE OUTWARD	AJAX	Part Cargo for Shanghai discharged at	HONGKONG
	AJAX	,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	SINGAPORE
	MARON	,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	HONGKONG
	MARON	,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	SINGAPORE
	MENELAUS	,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	HONGKONG
	MENELAUS	,, ,, ,, ,, ,,	SINGAPORE

LLOYD TRIESTINO

NOTICE

S.S. "CONTE BIANCAMANO"

The above steamer is due to sail for GENOA Via Hongkong, Manila, Singapore, Colombo, Bombay, Massowah, Port Said and Naples on or about September 14.

For particulars apply to

LLOYD TRIESTINO
26 the Bund Telephone 16885
Shanghai, Aug. 30, 1937.

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICE
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Genoa, Southampton, Rotterdam, Bremen & Hamburg

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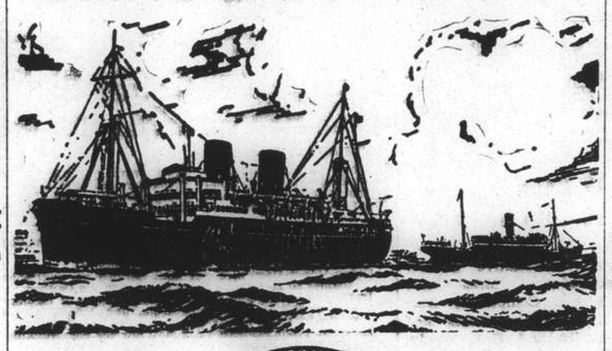
Norddeutscher Lloyd, Bremen
210 Kiukiang Road Telephone 15566

TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



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TO BOMBAY, MARSEILLES and LONDON
Via Hongkong, Straits and Ceylon

			Tonnage				Tonnage
Sept.	14	RAWALPINDI	17,000	Nov.	9	COMORIN	15,000
	28	CORFU	15,000		23	RANCHI	17,000
Oct.	5	*SOMALI	7,000				
	12	NALDERA	16,000				
	26	CARTHAGE	15,000				

*Cargo only; calling at Casablanca Havre. Hull, Hamburg, Rotterdam and Antwerp.

BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.
To CALCUTTA via PORTS

	Leave Shanghai For Japan	Leave Hongkong
SHIRALA		Sept. 11
TILAWA		Sept. 25
SANTHIA		Oct. 9

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Via Japan, Hongkong and Rabaul

Australia and New Zealand for a healthy and cheap holiday. Your money is worth 25% more. Variations of climate to suit all, with surfing, fishing and shooting second to none.

Steamers	Commanders	Lv. Shanghai via Japan	Leave Hongkong	Arrive Sydney
NANKIN	T. J. Mills		Oct. 2	Oct. 21
NELLORE	H. C. G. Strafford	Oct. 8	Oct. 30	Nov. 18

Taking Passengers and Cargo Direct from Shanghai or Transhipping via Hongkong

All vessels may call at any ports on or off the route—and the route and all sailings are subject to change or deviation with or without notice.

Mackinnon, Mackenzie, & Co.
27 The Bund (Ewo Building) Telephone 11428

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NOTICE

Due to the emergency situation in Shanghai **Shippers** are notified that none of our liners will call at Shanghai until further notice to the contrary.

Consignees are notified that cargo destined to Shanghai will be returned to ports of shipment, or discharged at any other ports or places subject to the terms and conditions of the Bills of Lading.

Owners of Cargo stored in our Yangtszepoo Wharf are notified that the Service of Receiving and Delivery of Goods is suspended until further notice.

OSAKA SHOSEN KAISHA

Office having been temporarily closed, please address letters c/o Nisshin Kisen Kaisha, No. 20 Canton Road, Tel. 41823.

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TRAVEL AND SHIPPING

DURING THE TEMPORARY OMISSION OF SHANGHAI AS A PORT OF CALL

CONNECT WITH PRESIDENT LINERS IN EITHER HONGKONG OR JAPAN

SAILINGS TO THE UNITED STATES

	Leave Hongkong	Leave Kobe	Leave Yokohama	Arrive S. Francisco	Arrive Seattle
Pres. LINCOLN	Sept. 8	Sept. 13	Sept. 14	Sept. 28	
Pres. GRANT	Sept. 11	Sept. 16	Sept. 18	——	Sept. 29
Pres. COOLIDGE	Sept. 18	Sept. 23	Sept. 24	Oct. 6	
Pres. JACKSON	Sept. 25	Sept. 30	Oct. 2	——	Oct. 13

SAILINGS SOUTHBOUND AND ROUND THE WORLD

	Leave Kobe	Leave Hongkong	Arrive Manila
Pres. COOLIDGE		Sept. 10	Sept. 12
Pres. VAN BUREN		Sept. 12	Sept. 14
Pres. JACKSON	Sept. 12	Sept. 18	Sept. 20
Pres. GARFIELD	Sept. 18	Sept. 25	Sept. 28

BAGGAGE
SS. "PRESIDENT HOOVER"
SS. "PRESIDENT McKINLEY"

Passengers who intended to embark on the S.S. "PRESIDENT HOOVER" or S.S. "PRESIDENT McKINLEY" are requested to take delivery of their baggage from the Commercial Express and Storage Company godown at 125 Szechuen Road, where same is being held at owners' risk and expense.

AMERICAN MAIL LINE
DOLLAR STEAMSHIP LINES

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MS. JEFF DAVIS Due Manila about Sept. 10 and discharging all Shanghai cargo at Manila

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East Asiatic Co., Ltd.
of Copenhagen

Outwards from European Continental Ports

MS. JAVA ..... Oct. 6
MS. MALAYA ..... Nov. 5

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For Freight and Passage Rates apply
DODWELL & CO., LTD.
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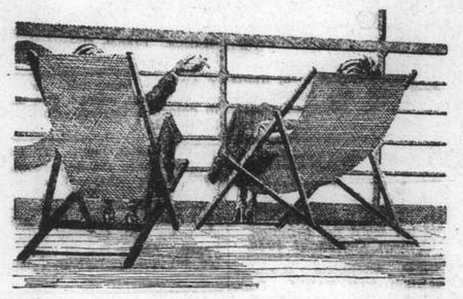
TRAVEL AND SHIPPING



Pending further advices relative to Empresses Calling at Shanghai Connections can be made at Hongkong or Japan

Steamer	H'kong Leave	N'saki Leave	Kobe Leave	Y'hama Leave	H'lulu Leave	Victoria & Vancouver Arrive
Empress of Canada		—	Sept. 8	Sept. 10	Sept. 17	Sept. 22
Empress of Russia	Sept. 17	Sept. 21	Sept. 23	Sept. 25	—	Oct. 4
Empress of Japan	Oct. 1	--	Oct. 6	Oct. 8	Oct. 14	Oct. 19
Empress of Asia	Oct. 15	Oct. 19	Oct. 21	Oct. 23	—	Nov. 1
Empress of Canada	Oct. 29	—	Nov. 3	Nov. 5	Nov. 12	Nov. 17

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ms. TAMARA .....Arr. Oct. 22	ms. NANKING.....Sailing Oct. 22
ms. P EIPING .....Arr. Nov. 22	ms. TAMARA ....Sailing End Nov.

HOMEWARD BOUND VESSELS CALL AT
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HAMILTON HOUSE *Agents* TELEPHONE 11830

HAMBURG-AMERIKA LINIE

SHIPPING NEWS

Vessels Calling Shanghai Temporarily Suspended

OUTWARD VESSELS LATEST MOVEMENTS:

ss. BADEN Left Manila Aug. 28.
mv. RHEINLAND Left Singapore Aug. 26
mv. LEVERKUSEN Passed Suez Aug. 21.

Through-tickets Far East/America/Europe issued subject to Alteration without notice. For Passage and Freight apply to

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m.v. "RADNORSHIRE" Cargo for Shanghai discharged at Hongkong.
Vessels due to sail from Shanghai
MV. RADNORSHIRE ..... Sept. 9
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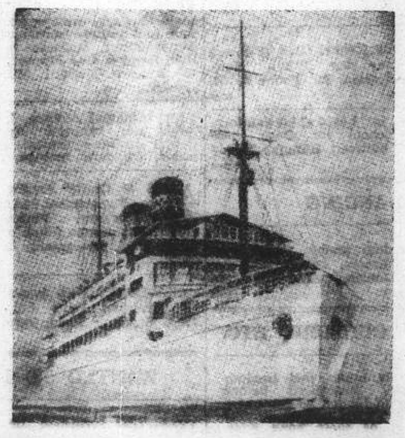
BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE *Discharging Agents* Telephone 82020

BURNS PHILP LINE
M.V. "NEPTUNA"



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First Class Fare to Sydney:
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Passenger and Freight Agents:—
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100 Jinkee Road, Shanghai. Telephone 16940

POSITIONS VACANT

WANTED Portuguese shipping accountant with good references. State salary. Address Box 765, N.C.D.N. -1570

AMERICAN import-export firm, wants compradore with A-1 connections. Excellent opportunity. Address Box 795, N.C.D.N. 9570

POSITIONS WANTED

Advertisements under this heading only are accepted at the rate of three dollar cents per word per insertion, with a minimum charge of $0.50.

EXPERIENCED telephone operator seeks position immediately. Conscientious worker. Box 789, N.C.D.N. -1641

FOREIGNER, 25 years, speaking fluently English, French, German, Russian, knowing office routine, seeks position, full or part-time, temporary or permanent. Box 767, N.C.D.N. -1576

STENOGRAPHER, seven years experience, seeks immediate employment. Hard worker. Excellent references. Box 751, N.C.D.N. -1548

SERVICES of reliable accountant-bookkeeper available. Many years' experience with large British industrial concern. Knowledge of banking, shipping, manufacturing and financial accounts. Able control whole department. Cash guarantee, if required. References and other particulars. Address Box 781, N.C.D.N. -1598

WELL-EDUCATED, reliable, hard-working man, experienced in general business, with some technical knowledge, several languages, good references, prepared to accept any position. Box 796, N.C.D.N. -1644

YOUNG woman, sole support of family, urgently requires work. Fluent French, German, English, Russian. Experienced office work, translation, also teacher. Box 785, N.C.D.N. -1608

EMPLOYERS whose stenographers have evacuated telephone 70859 for services Public Stenographer, male. Expert. Fast. Accurate. Confidential. Moderate terms. -1575

EDUCATIONAL

GREGG School of Business, Shanghai's Premier Academy. 55 Yuen-Ming-Yuen Road. Classes and Private lessons start immediately. Dictation with first lesson. Good positions waiting. 9584

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

ASSOCIATE sought, preferably British, with at least £1,000 to transfer business to India. Immediate profit. Particulars on application. Address Box 799, N.C.D.N. -1646

WANTED TO PURCHASE

TSINGTAO. Advertiser wishes to buy small residence near park. State full particulars and price. Address Box 730, N.C.D.N. X1486

RADIOS

RADIOS promptly repaired. Telephone 13750. Ask for Mr. Stewart. American Radio Equipment Company. Our method saves you 50%. 9583

USED radios bought and sold. Radio Service Co., 1249 Bubbling Well Road. Telephone 34068. -1450

FOR skilled workmanship call a2392 American Radio Repair, 1549 Bubbling Well Road. 9416

FOR SALE—Miscellaneous

LACE gloves, 50 cents; tea-sets, 50 cents; lace doylies 12 in. x 18 in., 15 cents. Handkerchiefs $2.15 dozen, 72 in. x 90 in. Dinner set with napkins, $5.25. Many latest creations in laces and linens retailing at wholesale prices. Lace & Linen Syndicate, 114 Peking Road (First Floor). 9450

MOTOR CARS & CYCLES

STANDARD 10 h.p. saloon, sliding roof. Purchased new last year. Free-wheeling, Telescopic steering. Only done 7,000 miles. Taxed. Insured, $3,000 cash. Apply Graham, Telephone Company. -1625

HOUSE SERVANTS

RECOMMEND cook-boy. Service no longer required through closing of flat. Telephone 11655 between 9 a.m. to 12 p.m. 9512

1,500 SATISFIED international customers. Cook-boys, coolie-boys, amahs, chauffeurs, gardeners, rickshaw pullers, watchmen, laundrymen, body-guards. Central Employment Agency, British management. 833/17 Avenue Joffre. Telephone 73148. -1612

ANIMALS

JOIN the China Kennel Club ($5) and register your dog ($2.50). Non-members registration $5. Room 3, 24, The Bund. 9579

DOGS taken for board at $15 monthly. Training School for Dogs, 1866 Avenue Haig, between Hungjao Road/Avenue Joffre. -1558

DANCING

STUDY dancing under well-known artists. Ballroom, ballet, tap, etc. Waldermar's Dancing Academy, 1272 Avenue Joffre. -1156

BEAUTY CULTURE, ETC.

Advertisements under this heading are carefully scrutinized before acceptance, and though no guarantee can be given readers may be reasonably assured of their bona fides.

LADY gives massage, manicure. 10-7 p.m. Hamilton House. Apart. 534 5th floor, corner Kiangse/Foochow Roads. 9338

OFFICES, SHOPS, GODOWNS

TO BE let, 24 Yuen Ming Yuen Road, large three-storied building with attic, suitable for offices, area 8,800 sq. ft. very low rental. Apply to Lester, Johnson & Morriss, 20 Kiukiang Road. 9495

GROSVENOR Gardens. Rue Cardinal Mercier, distinctive arcade shops, different sizes, at most reasonable rentals. Apply: Reception Office Grosvenor House, 73874, or Cathay Land Co., Ltd. 11430. 9486

STORAGE. Space available at cheap rate. Telephone 74489. Continental Sales Co., 863 Avenue Foch. -1403

CAPITOL Building, to let modern offices. Apply S. E. Shahmoon & Co., 83 Peking Road. Telephone 16722. 9484

ROOMS WITHOUT BOARD

TO LET. Very attractive large furnished room with verandah and arcola heating. French Concession. Telephone 74846. -1647

LARGE furnished south room, verandah, garage, also smaller room in detached English-owned house. Telephone 71115. -1472

BEARN Apartments. To let, one big, furnished, isolated room. All modern conveniences. 2 Avenue Dubail, Apartment 34, Telephone 81879. -1622

TO LET. Large, airy, well-furnished room with balcony with or without board. Apply Dubail Apts., Apartment 102, 181 Avenue Dubail. Telephone 83079. -1627

LARGE and small well-furnished room for single gentleman or lady in private house, with big garden, board or breakfast optional. 23 Tifeng Road corner Yuyuen Road. -1634

WESTERN District, 272 Yu Yuen Road, furnished south rooms, without board, to let. Telephone 22662. 9536

ROOMS southern exposure, Central district, $20 upwards. Foreign supervision. Board optional. References exchanged. Box 735, N.C.D.N. -1506

ROOMS WITH BOARD

WELL-FURNISHED room, with all modern conveniences. Good food. Moderate rates. 20 Seymour Road, House 18. -1602

84 Carter Road, Lane 41. Comfortable double/single rooms, private modern bathrooms. Terms moderate. Good catering. Garage available. British management. Telephone 30582. -1557

KENSINGTON House, Terrace 30/10, Seymour Road (near Foch). Large and small rooms, also two-roomed suite, with small garden. All newly decorated. Excellent home cooking. Telephone 30179. -1469

THE Towers, 1182 Avenue Road Double room, facing south, also single room, private bathrooms. Garden, tennis, very cool. Telephone 35534. -1626

THE VILLAS, 969 Avenue Foch, convenient 9/1 bus, desirable accommodation. Telephone Mrs. Fisher 75433 -1428

LARGE, single room. In English-owned residence. Tennis. Garden. Mrs. Chalmers. 310 Hart Road. -1600

HENLEY House, 1094 Avenue Road, single/double rooms, comfortable, terms moderate. British management. Telephone 37133. -1511

UNFURNISHED HOUSES

TO LET 13, 27, 51 Columbia Road, very desirable residences, six rooms, two bathrooms, servants' quarters, garage, with central heating and modern conveniences. Apply Spence, Robinson & Partners. Telephone 11355. 9483

REMINDER

The following replies are being held at this office, and the owners of the undermentioned Box Numbers are requested to call for same before September 10, 1937, after which date they will be destroyed. Nos. 459, 481, 508, 522, 526, 551, 553, 578, 585, 589, 593, 608, 611, 616, 640, 649.

UNFURNISHED APARTMENTS

PALMS, 211 Haig/Sayzoong. Two/three-roomed apartments, taxes, heating, water, garden. Quiet. Apply Apartment 7. -1611

HAMILTON House:—Attractive one, two and three roomed modern apartments at reduced rentals. For inspection apply to:—Resident Caretaker, Hamilton House, or E. D. Sassoon & Co. Property Department, 306 Sassoon House, Telephone 11430. 9530

DESIRABLE two-roomed flat, modern and with roof-garden. 120 Route Winling. -1619

28 MEDHURST Road, Lane 215. Rear Medhurst Apartments, three-roomed flat (attic) with bathroom and kitchen, including hot and cold water. Reasonable rental. -1630

TO LET, Wayfoong House, 220 Szechuen Road. Single and two-roomed self-contained flats, each flat being equipped with all modern conveniences. For further particulars kindly apply to Engineer's Office. Room 110. Hongkong & Shanghai Banking Corporation, 12 The Bund. 9437

FURNISHED APARTMENTS

TO LET, Furnished or unfurnished flats of three rooms. Kinnear Apartment, 105 Kinnear Road, near Jessfield Park, with tennis court, nice roof and ground gardens. All modern conveniences. Moderate rentals. Apply Hsin Heng & Co., Property Department, 160 Avenue Edward VII. Telephone 15660/9. 9434

120 Amherst Avenue, Columbia Circle, bachelor Apartment B. Rental includes central heating, hot-water, frigidaire, garage, taxes. -1563

ARTS & Crafts' furniture of three-roomed apartment for sale, including linen, crockery. Perfect condition. Apartment can be taken over. 882 Bubbling Well, Apartment 122, Telephone 36628. -1609

SELF-CONTAINED two-roomed, fully-furnished flats, hot/cold water. 159/6 Seymour Road, Telephone 34409. 9314

WANTED TO RENT

WANTED furnished or unfurnished one-room flat without board, modern conveniences essential, must be near Bund. Address Box 798, N.C.D.N.

WANTED by a responsible party, two or three-roomed, well-furnished apartment, for 6 months or longer. Reply Box 794, N.C.D.N. -1639

SUMMER RESORTS

ILTIS Hydro and Hotel, Iltis Huk, Tsingtao. The nearest Hotel to Golf Course. All rooms have running hot and cold water. Excellent cuisine. Ideal place for September holidays. Post Office Box 221, Tsingtao. 9433

SELLING AND SERVICING RADIOS
Brunswick Show Room
SWISS FIRM MAISON DE CONFIANCE
AVENUE JOFFRE 1222 TEL 71276

Vessels Leaving

NORTH CHINA COAST

SHUNTIEN Sept. 8. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Wednesday, Sept. 8th, at noon. For freight or passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire. Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 8-9

SHENGKING Sept. 11. TSINGTAO, WEIHAIWEI, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN.—From French Bund on Saturday, Sept. 11th, at noon. For freight or passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire. Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 11-9

SOUTH CHINA COAST

SUIYANG Sept. 9. HONGKONG and CANTON.—From French Bund on Thursday, Sept. 9th, at noon. For freight or passage, apply to Butterfield & Swire. Tel. 82020 (French Bund). 9-9

NORDDEUTSCHER LLOYD, BREMEN

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Swatow H'kong Canton	Chaksang X	16.30	17.00
Amoy via Swatow	Chaksang X	16.30	17.00
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Weather, Time and Tide

Monday, Sept. 6, 1937 (2nd day of 8th moon)	SICCAWEI Sept. 4 16.00	21.00	Sept. 5 4.00	9.00	GUTZLAFF Sept. 5 9.00	14.00
Barometer inches	29.91	29.95	29.93	29.93	—	—
at 32 F. (variation for 24 hrs.)	—0.07	—0.07	—0.07	—0.08	—	—
at 32 F. (" " 12 hrs.)	—0.08	—0.06	+0.01	—0.02	—	—
Wind (direction)	SE	SE	SE	SSE	—	—
" (miles per hour)	14.9	7.4	8.7	8.7	—	—
Temperature (Fahr.)	91.°4	80.°1	78.°6	86.°5	—	—
Humidity	68	89	93	67	—	—
Nebulosity (0 to 10)	2	1	0	0	—	—
Rainfall inches	—	—	—	—	—	—

Siccawei Abridged Report September 4	Mean 1937	24 hours variation	Previous average same period (64 years)
Barometer (mean 4 obs.)	29.96	—0.05	29.83
Temp. Min. 76.°3 Max. 95.°5	85.°9	+0.°3	76.°6
Total rainfall January 1 to midnight before last (inches)	25.09	—	34.68

Date	6/9	7/9	8/9	9/9	10/9	11/9	12/9	13/9	14/9
Sun rises at Shanghai	5.23	5.32	5.23	5.33	5.34	5.34	5.35	5.36	5.37
Sun sets at Shanghai	18.12	18.11	18.10	18.09	18.07	18.07	18.06	18.05	18.04
Moon rises at Shanghai	6.56	7.53	8.50	9.47	10.41	11.34	0.25	13.13	13.58
Moon sets at Shanghai	18.50	19.24	19.59	20.37	21.17	22.02	22.49	23.41	00.00
Flood makes Shanghai	11.15	11.41	11.58	12.02	12.27	13.03	13.56	15.10	16.32
Ebb, makes Shanghai	15.48	16.20	16.50	17.15	17.52	18.35	19.30	20.40	22.15
H.W. at Woosung Bar	0.31	1.03	1.33	2.04	2.36	3.09	3.50	4.42	5.48

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